

English Madhyam

(Weekly vocabulary compilation)

From 06 March 2023 to 11 March 2023

For all competitive Exams

Bank (Po & clerk), IB ACIO, NDA, CDS, SSC (CGL, MTS, CHSL), MBA, Hotel Management, MCA, UPSC,
B. Ed and other competitive exams.



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Note: Reading Daily editorials are more important than mugging up vocabulary. So, Must Read editorial on daily basis, which is the best way to cover comprehensive English Subject ranging from vocabulary to reading skill

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Part - A

The Hindu Editorial – Choosing the watchdog (Mar 06, 2023)

1. **Watchdog** (noun) – Ombudsman, monitor, scrutineer, inspector, observer पर्यवेक्षक
2. **Verdict** (noun) – Decision, adjudication, decree, judgement फैसला
3. **Take away** (phrasal verb) – remove, withdraw, seize हटाना, छीनना
4. **Sole** (adjective) – only, exclusive, singular, solitary, individual एकमात्र
5. **Domain** (noun) – field, area, arena, sphere कार्यक्षेत्र
6. **Executive** (noun) – The executive branch of the government, including the president, the cabinet, and several departments, manages the duties of government and its laws. कार्यपालिका
7. **Rule** (verb) – decree, order, direct, pronounce, make a judgement फैसला/ निर्णय करना
8. **Vest** (with) (verb) – to grant power, rights, or ownership to someone. निहित होना
9. **Plenary power** (noun) – A plenary power or plenary authority is a complete and absolute power to take action on a particular issue, with no limitations. पूर्ण शक्ति
10. **Superintendence** (noun) – supervision, oversight, direction, management पर्यवेक्षण
11. **Vital** (adjective) – crucial, essential, necessary, important, imperative महत्वपूर्ण
12. **Practice** (noun) – Habit, custom, tradition, way, system, procedure, manner प्रथा
13. **Constitution bench** (noun) – Constitution bench is the name given to the benches of the Supreme Court of India which consist of at least five judges of the court which sit to decide any case “involving a substantial question of law as to the interpretation” of the Constitution of India
14. **Point out** (phrasal verb) – indicate, specify, detail, mention, refer to दिखाना
15. **Intent** (noun) – aim, purpose, intention, objective, target मंशा/ इरादा
16. **Lay down** (phrasal verb) – establish, formulate, prescribe, stipulate, set निर्धारित करना
17. **Parliamentary law** (noun) – the body of law which governs the conduct of the meeting of a legislative body.
18. **Subject** (to) (adjective) – depending on something as a condition (शर्त के रूप में) किसी बात पर निर्भर
19. **Successive** (adjective) – succeeding, in succession, following एक के बाद एक आने वाला
20. **Regime** (noun) – government, administration शासन
21. **Enact** (verb) – make law, pass, approve, ratify, validate, sanction कानून बनाना
22. **Author** (verb) – to create something or formally suggest it (फैसला) लिखना

23. **Inertia** (noun) – Disinterest, inactivity, Unwillingness, lethargy जड़ता/निष्क्रियता
24. **Legislature** (noun) – The legislative body of a country or state विधायिका
25. **Perceived** (adjective) – apparent, professed, supposed, seeming कथित
26. **Vacuum** (noun) – a situation from which something is missing or lacking खालीपन
27. **Proposition** (noun) – proposal, suggestion, thesis, premise प्रस्ताव, कथन
28. **Fiercely** (adverb) – aggressively, intensely, passionately जमकर
29. **Beholden** (to) (adjective) – Obligated, duty-bound, in someone's debt के अधीन होना
30. **Room** (noun) – space, scope, opportunity गुंजाइश
31. **Reciprocity** (noun) – behaviour in which two people or groups of people give each other help and advantages आपस के संबंध का
32. **Loyalty** (noun) – devotion, allegiance, faithfulness, constancy निष्ठा
33. **Argument** (noun) – the reason(s) that you give to support your opinion about something तर्क, दलील, युक्ति
34. **Admittedly** (adverb) – Certainly, undoubtedly, without a doubt, unquestionably स्वीकारते हुए भी
35. **Convention** (noun) – way, custom, usage, way, habit, norm परंपरा, प्रथा
36. **Preserved** (adjective) – Maintained, conserved, protected, upheld संरक्षित
37. **Nominee** (noun) – a person who has been officially suggested for a position उम्मेदवार
38. **Enhance** (verb) – improve, increase, strengthen, raise, boost बढ़ाना
39. **Pre-emptive** (adjective) – preventive, anticipatory, precautionary, prescient, preparatory अग्रिम
40. **Legitimacy** (noun) – validity, justification, soundness, well-foundedness वैधता
41. **Scrutiny** (noun) – Inspection, examination, enquiry जांच
42. **Infirmity** (noun) – lack of strength; Weakness, frailty, feebleness दुर्बलता/ कमजोरी
43. **Get around** (phrasal verb) – deal successfully with a problem; overcome, surmount, sort out बच निकलना
44. **In tune with** (phrase) – in accordance with के अनुरूप होना
45. **Spirit** (noun) – essence, nature, character, temperament आत्मा/ भावना
46. **Emphasis** (noun) – focus, stress, significance, importance प्रमुखता, जोर

The Hindu Editorial – Tax transition (Mar 07, 2023)

1. **Transition** (noun) – change, move, transformation बदलाव/ परिवर्तन
2. **Signal** (verb) – sign, indicate, suggest, show संकेत करना
3. **Compliance** (noun) – The state or fact of according with or meeting rules or standards. अनुपालन
4. **Cooling** (noun) – Decreasing, dampen down, abating, waning घटाव, कमी
5. **Notable** (adjective) – noteworthy, remarkable, outstanding, important उल्लेखनीय
6. **Aspect** (noun) – feature, facet, side, characteristic, पहलू
7. **Mark** (verb) – Indicate, denote, show, demonstrate, exhibit चिह्नित करना
8. **Successive** (adjective) – consecutive, in a row, straight लगातार
9. **Stay** (verb) – to continue to be in a particular state or situation without change रहना
10. **Kitty** (noun) – A pool or reserve of money, often collected from a number of people or sources and designated for a particular purpose; Collection (tax)
11. **Regime** (noun) – system, arrangement, rule, code व्यवस्था
12. **So far** (phrase) – thus far अभी तक
13. **Bump up** (phrasal verb) – increase something बढ़ाना
14. **Spike** (noun) – a rapid increase उछाल
15. **Attribute** (to) (verb) – to believe that something was caused or done by somebody/something के लिए जिम्मेदार ठहराना
16. **Subsequent** (adjective) – following, successive, succeeding, after, consequent बाद के
17. **Lend credence to** (phrase) – to make something seem true or correct विश्वास /यकीन करना
18. **Assertion** (noun) – declaration, statement, claim, affirmation, Contention दावा
19. **Pleasant** (adjective) – nice, pleasing, enjoyable, friendly सुखद
20. **Cultural** (adjective) – societal, ethnic, traditional, customary सांस्कृतिक
21. **Augury** (noun) – Portend, omen, auspice, indication, sign, forewarning संकेत
22. **Tax base** (noun) – the total amount of assets or revenue on which the government can levy/impose a tax
23. **Meanwhile** (adverb) – at the same time, simultaneously, concurrently, meantime, इस दौरान

24. **Perceptible** (adjective) – Noticeable, traceable, observable प्रत्यक्ष
25. **Shift** (noun) – change, alteration, adjustment, adaptation, amendment परिवर्तन
26. **Underway** (adjective) – ongoing, in progress, happening चल रहा है
27. **Fiscal** (noun) – Financial year (i.e. 1 April to 31 March) वित्तीय वर्ष
28. **Yield** (verb) – produce, generate, provide, give उत्पन्न करना
29. **Uptick** (noun) – A small increase, rise इजाफा
30. **Breakdown** (noun) – an explanatory analysis, especially of statistics. विश्लेषण
31. **Outgrow** (verb) – surpass, exceed, excel, outpace पार करना
32. **The former** (noun) – Domestic revenue
33. **The latter** (noun) – Taxes from goods imports.
34. **In tune with** (phrase) – in accordance with के अनुरूप होना
35. **Dip** (noun) – Fall, decline, drop, slump, downturn, plunge गिरावट
36. **Likely** (adjective) – probable, possible, expected संभावना
37. **Discretionary** (adjective) – optional, non-compulsory, voluntary, non-mandatory विवेकाधीन
38. **Discretionary demand** (noun) – Products and services that are desirable for consumers, but not essential to their daily living
39. **Drive up** (phrasal verb) – increase, raise, escalate, boost बढ़ाना
40. **Elevated** (adjective) – Increased, raised, lifted बढ़ा हुआ
41. **Uneven** (adjective) – irregular, unequal, rough, jagged, lopsided असमान
42. **Variation** (noun) – change, difference, variance, alteration, deviation विभिन्नता
43. **Tax buoyancy** (noun) – Tax buoyancy highlights the relationship between the change in the government's tax revenue growth and the changes in GDP
44. **Pragmatic** (adjective) – practical, matter-of-fact, realistic, sensible व्यावहारिक
45. **Outlook** (noun) – perspective, prospect, attitude, view, viewpoint दृष्टिकोण
46. **Amid** (preposition) – in the middle of. के बीच
47. **Tighten one's belt for something** (phrase) – To reduce, restrict, or limit one's budget; to live more modestly or make financial sacrifices
48. **Slowdown** (noun) – A decline in economic activity. मंदी
49. **Play up** (phrasal verb) – emphasize, highlight, promote, accentuate; to make something seem more important or better

than it really is, esp. to get an advantage
जोर देना

50. **Argue** (verb) – Contend, say, maintain,
reason, claim तर्क करना

51. **Witness** (verb) – see, observe, watch, look
on at, be a witness to, view देखना

52. **Disingenuous** (adjective) – deceitful,
insincere, artful, dishonest, false कपटपूर्ण

53. **Pertain** (to) (verb) – concern, relate to, be
related to, be connected with से संबंधित
होना

54. **Undertake** (verb) – Carry out, embark on,
commence, कार्यान्वित करना

The Hindu Editorial – Role and remit (Mar 08, 2023)

1. **Remit** (noun) – Responsibility, concern, job, sphere of activity कार्य, जिम्मेदारी
2. **Probe** (verb) – investigate, examine, scrutinize, inquire into जांच करना
3. **Welcome** (verb) – to be pleased to receive or accept something स्वीकार करना
4. **Unequivocally** (adverb) – clearly, explicitly, obviously स्पष्ट रूप से
5. **Look into** (phrasal verb) – inspect, investigate, explore, examine, scrutinize, research जांच करना
6. **Deal with** (phrasal verb) – cope with, handle, manage, attend to, see to, संभालना, निपटना
7. **Allegation** (noun) – charge, accusation, claim, assertion आरोप
8. **Flout** (verb) – openly disregard (a rule, law); defy, disobey, break अवहेलना/ उल्लंघन करना
9. **Norm** (noun) – standard, rule, criterion मानक, प्रतिमान
10. **Securities market** (noun) – Share market like NSE, BSE.
11. **Make clear** (phrase) – explain, elucidate, spell out, clarify स्पष्ट करना
12. **Divest** (of) (verb) – deprive someone of (power, rights, or possessions). ले लेना, छीनना (शक्ति, अधिकार)
13. **Probe** (noun) – investigation, inquiry, examination, scrutiny छानबीन, जांच
14. **Shareholding** (noun) – an allocation of shares held in a company. हिस्सेदारी
15. **To the extent that** (phrase) – the degree to which a subject or other thing extends इस हद तक
16. **Hold someone to something** (phrase) – to make someone do what they promised or agreed to do
17. **Claim** (noun) – Assertion, statement, accusation, declaration, allegation, contention दावा
18. **(be) Seize of** (phrase) – To remain in consideration of a matter.
19. **Expand** (verb) – extend, increase, enlarge, grow, broaden बढ़ाना /विस्तार करना
20. **Address** (verb) – tackle, see to, deal with, confront, grapple with सुलझाना, निपटाना
21. **Squarely** (adverb) – precisely, exactly, straightforwardly सीधे-सीधे
22. **Manipulate** (verb) – Exploit, control, Manoeuvre, influence, हेरफेर करना

23. **Findings** (noun) – Discovery, Conclusion, Result, Verdict, Outcome खोज, निष्कर्ष
24. **Go into** (phrasal verb) – start discussing a subject extensively
25. **Rule out** (phrasal verb) – dismiss, reject, exclude, discard, prohibit इंकार करना
26. **Monitor** (verb) – observe, watch, keep an eye on निगरानी करना
27. **Seek** (verb) – Ask for (something) from someone. मांगना
28. **Assess** (verb) – Measure, evaluate, judge, weigh, calculate, consider, gauge आकलन करना
29. **Outcome** (noun) – result, end result, consequence, conclusion परिणाम
30. **Aspect** (noun) – A distinct feature or element पहलू
31. **Strengthen** (verb) – reinforce, make stronger, buttress मजबूत करना
32. **Fate** (noun) – destiny, chance, fortune, luck भाग्य
33. **Pegasus** (noun) – the hacking software – or spyware – that is developed, marketed and licensed to governments around the world by the Israeli
34. **For instance** (phrase) – For example, As, Such as उदाहरण के लिए
35. **Inspire** (verb) – stimulate, motivate, excite, encourage, rouse प्रेरित करना
36. **Ascertain** (verb) – Determine, establish, discover, find out पता लगाना
37. **Lead** (to) (verb) – cause, give rise to, result in, bring about वजह बनना
38. **Volatility** (noun) – instability, fickleness, unpredictability, variability अस्थिरता
39. **Following** (preposition) – After के बाद
40. **Revelation** (noun) – Expose, disclosure, divulgence, declaration, utterance, रहस्योद्घाटन
41. **A Red herring** (phrase) – something that misleads or distracts from a relevant or important question; Decoy, ploy, lure, diversion अफवाह
42. **Divert** (verb) – Reallocate something to a different purpose. मोड़ना, ध्यान हटाना
43. **Sensitively** (adverb) – Sympathetically, delicately, understandingly, perceptively, thoughtfully संवेदनशीलता से
44. **Development** (noun) – event, turn of events, occurrence, happening, circumstance घटनाक्रम
45. **Inherent** (adjective) – intrinsic, innate, immanent, built-in, inborn अंतर्निहित
46. **Perpetual** (adjective) – constant, persistent, endless, permanent, everlasting निरंतर
47. **Prescribe** (verb) – Set, fix, stipulate, order, recommend, advise, निर्धारित करना

48. **Mandate** (verb) – make mandatory; an authoritative command अधिदेश
49. **Expedient** (adjective) – (of an action) suitable or appropriate. उचित
50. **Blow over** (phrasal verb) – come to an end, settle down (crisis) थमना/शांत होना
51. **Highlight** (verb) – underline, underscore, call attention to, focus attention on, stress, emphasize प्रमुखता से दिखाना
52. **Exoneration** (noun) – the release of someone from a duty or obligation; Release, exemption, freeing, discharge भारमुक्ति, छुटकारा
53. **Put the blame on someone** (phrase) – To blame someone or something (for something) पर इल्जाम लगाना
54. **Alleged** (adjective) – so-called, supposed कथित
55. **Plot** (noun) – conspiracy, intrigue, secret plan, secret scheme षड्यंत्र
56. **Inimical** (adjective) – Unfavourable, contrary, opposed; Hostile, unfriendly, unwelcoming, प्रतिकूल, बैरपूर्ण
57. **Short-seller** (noun) – Short selling occurs when an investor borrows a security, sells it on the open market, and expects to buy it back later for less money.
58. **Functioning** (noun) – Performance, execution, performing, operation, running, working कामकाज
59. **Preserve** (verb) – protect, defend, safeguard, preserve, guard संरक्षण करना, बनाए रखना
60. **Manipulator** (noun) – a person who handles or controls something skilfully. छल-साधन करने वाला

The Hindu Editorial – Home and away (Mar 09, 2023)

1. **Rumour** (noun) –doubtful truth; circulating story, gossip अफवाह
2. **Migrant worker** (noun) – a person who moves to another country or area in order to find employment, in particular seasonal or temporary work. प्रवासी कर्मचारी
3. **Integral** (adjective) –entire, intact, essential, complete, full अभिन्न
4. **Intervention** (noun) – involvement, intercession, interceding, interposing हस्तक्षेप
5. **Assure** (verb) – Ensure, guarantee, confirm, secure, substantiate आश्वस्त करना
6. **Interpret** (verb) – understand, construe, take to mean समझ लेना
7. **Snowball** (verb) – Increase rapidly; intensity, magnify, escalate तेज़ी से अधिकाधिक बढ़ना
8. **Counterpart** (noun) – equivalent, opposite number, peer, समकक्ष
9. **Follow up** (phrasal verb) – to take further action connected with it किसी काम को जारी रखना
10. **Elsewhere** (adverb) – somewhere else, at another place, in another place अन्य जगह
11. **Misleading** (adjective) – deceptive, false, fallacious, deceiving, specious भ्रामक
12. **Hub** (noun) – the effective centre of an activity केंद्र
13. **Representative** (noun) – Delegate, spokesperson, agent प्रतिनिधि
14. **Do one's bit** (phrase) – make a useful contribution to an effort or cause. अपना फर्ज अदा करना/ प्रयास करना
15. **Reassure** (verb) – Assure, Comfort, Encourage, Soothe, Calm, Restore confidence पुनः आश्वस्त करना
16. **Unfortunately** (adverb) – Sadly, regrettably, unhappily, woefully दुर्भाग्य से
17. **Pave the way for** (phrase) – create situation that allows something to happen. के लिए मार्ग प्रशस्त करना
18. **Chauvinistic** (adjective) – somebody with an excessive or prejudiced loyalty to a particular gender, group, or cause अंधराष्ट्रीय
19. **Oversee** (verb) – supervise, superintend, inspect, administer देखरेख करना
20. **Hospitality** (noun) – the activity or business of providing services to guests in hotels, restaurants, bars, etc.
21. **Estimate** (verb) – evaluate, judge, assess, calculate, gauge अनुमान करना

22. **Episode** (noun) – incident, event, occurrence, happening, occasion घटना
23. **Highlight** (verb) – underline, underscore, call attention to, focus attention on, stress, emphasize प्रमुखता से दिखाना
24. **Exercise** (verb) – use, employ, make use of, utilize, avail oneself of प्रयोग करना
25. **Caution** (noun) – Carefulness, thoughtfulness, attentiveness, attention, care, restraint सावधानी
26. **Restrain** (noun) – Self-control, control, self-possession, self-discipline संयम
27. **Under the garb of** (phrase) – in the name of, for the sake of की आड़ में
28. **Denigrate** (verb) – criticize unfairly; disparage. बदनाम करना
29. **Internalise** (verb) –incorporate within oneself सम्मिलित करना
30. **Spectrum** (noun) – Range, Field, Gamut, Variety, Scale विस्तार, रेंज
31. **Roll out** (phrasal verb) – Officially launch or introduce a new product or scheme
32. **Edible** (adjective) – safe to eat, fit to, eatable, fit to be eaten खाद्य/खानेयोग्य
33. **Concessional** (adjective) – Discounted, reduced, lower रिआयती
34. **Public distribution system** (noun) – a system of management of scarcity through distribution of foodgrains at affordable prices
35. **Supplement** (verb) – add an extra element or amount to. जोड़ देना, पूरा करना
36. **Wing** (noun) – group, branch, arm, faction शाखा
37. **Address** (verb) – tackle, see to, deal with, confront, grapple with सुलझाना, निपटाना
38. **Institute** (verb) – introduce, found, start, inaugurate, establish स्थापित करना
39. **Comprehensive** (adjective) – inclusive, all-inclusive, complete विस्तृत
40. **Integration** (noun) – the action or process of successfully joining or mixing with a different group of people
41. **Make someone feel at home** (phrase) – feel relaxed and comfortable

The Hindu Editorial – Challenge of change (Mar 10, 2023)

1. **Opt** (verb) – Choose, select, pick, pick out, go for चुनना
2. **Remark** (noun) – Comment, Statement टिप्पणी
3. **Poisoning** (noun) – the act of killing or harming somebody/something by giving them poison ज़हर देना
4. **Unforgivable** (adjective) – (of behaviour) too bad to forgive: अक्षम्य, माफी न करने योग्य
5. **De facto** (adjective) – existing in fact, although not necessarily intended or legal
6. **Subject** (to) (adjective) – cause to experience or suffer or make liable or vulnerable to से गुज़रना, भुगतना
7. **Amidst** (preposition) – in the middle of. के बीच
8. **Protest** (noun) – a statement or action that shows that you do not like or approve of something विरोध
9. **Trigger** (verb) – Initiate, start, prompt, activate, cause, spark off, set off शुरू करना
10. **Infamous** (adjective) – notorious, ill-famed, disgraceful, disreputable कुख्यात
11. **Morality police** (noun) – any policy that seeks to use the coercive power of government to impose or legitimize one set of fundamental values or norms over a competing set (or sets) of values or norms.
12. **Province** (noun) – Area, Sphere, Field, Jurisdiction, Domain, Authority प्रांत/ प्रदेश
13. **Reportedly** (adverb) – supposedly, seemingly, apparently, allegedly कथित तौर पर
14. **Extremist** (noun) – fanatic, radical, zealot, fundamentalist, hardliner चरमपंथी
15. **Psychological** (adjective) – connected with the mind or the way that it works मन से या मानसिक प्रक्रियाओं से संबंधित
16. **Probably** (adverb) – perhaps, maybe, possibly, शायद
17. **Prompt** (verb) – induce, provoke, inspire, stimulate, motivate, lead प्रेरित करना
18. **Regime** (noun) – system, arrangement, scheme, code व्यवस्था
19. **Spare** (verb) – not harm, leave uninjured, leave unhurt; Make free बख़्श देना
20. **Emerge** (verb) – come out, appear, come into view, become visible उभरना/ बाहर आना
21. **Unlike** (adjective) – in contrast to; different from के विपरीत; से भिन्न

22. **Impose** (verb) – foist, force, thrust, inflict
थोपना
23. **Literacy** (noun) – the ability to read and write. साक्षरता
24. **Consistently** (adverb) – Constantly, always, time after time, time and again लगातार
25. **Outnumber** (verb) – be more numerous than. संख्या में अधिक होना
26. **Peak** (noun) – the point of highest activity
चरम पर
27. **Revolution** (noun) – a change in the way a country is governed, usually to a different political system and often using violence or war क्रांति
28. **Jolt** (verb) – startle, surprise, shock, stun, shake झटका देना
29. **Into action** (phrase) – into operation सक्रिय स्थिति में
30. **Coincidence** (noun) – chance, concurrence, fluke, happenstance संयोग
31. **Brutal** (adjective) – cruel, savage, vicious, ruthless, barbaric क्रूर
32. **Persist** (verb) – persevere, continue, carry on, go on कायम रहना
33. **Weaken** (verb) – undermine, diminish, lessen, reduce, impair कमज़ोर करना
34. **Chasm** (noun) – gap, difference, dissension, disunion के बीच की खाई
35. **Ageing** (adjective) – to become or look old
बूढ़ा हो जाना
36. **Revolutionary** (noun) – a person who starts or supports action to try to change the government of a country, especially by using violent methods क्रांतिकारी व्यक्ति
37. **Bring someone to justice** (phrase) – Arrest someone for a crime and ensure that they are tried/suited in court.
38. **Widening** (adjective) – broadening, extending, expanding, enlarging, increasing बढ़ती
39. **Crack** (noun) – Break, fissure, flaw, fault, crevice दरार
40. **Drive** (verb) – Cause something to happen
41. **Embrace** (verb) – Accept, include, encompass, incorporate, contain अपनाना
42. **The latter** (noun) – Here it refers to 'opportunity'.
43. **Address** (verb) – tackle, see to, deal with, confront, grapple with सुलझाना, निपटाना
44. **The former** (noun) – Here it refers to 'wave of protest'.

The Hindu Editorial – Stopping the boats (Mar 11, 2023)

1. **Migration** (noun) – movement from one part of something to another. स्थानान्तरण
2. **Belittle** (verb) – dismiss (someone or something) as unimportant. छोटा करना, कम करना
3. **Immigrant** (noun) – a person who comes to live permanently in a foreign country. आप्रवासी
4. **Refugee** (noun) – a person who has been forced to leave their country in order to escape war, persecution, or natural disaster. शरणार्थी
5. **Come down on** (phrase) – criticize or punish someone harshly. निंदा करना
6. **Granting** (noun) – an act of allowing or giving देना
7. **Asylum** (noun) – the protection granted by a state to someone who has left their home country as a political refugee. आश्रयस्थान
8. **Migrant** (noun) – a person who moves from place to place looking for work प्रवासी
9. **Dais** (noun) – a raised platform, usually at end of a room for speakers or guests of honour मंच
10. **Soil** (noun) – the land that is part of a country किसी देश की भूमि
11. **Considerable** (adjective) – Substantial, significant, large, extensive, sizeable, काफी
12. **Exchequer** (noun) – funds, coffers, resources, money, finances सरकारी खजाना
13. **Asylum seeker** (noun) – a person who has left their home country as a political refugee and is seeking asylum in another. शरण तलाशने वाला
14. **Presumably** (adverb) – probably, supposedly, likely, presumptively, doubtless संभावित रूप से
15. **Contravene** (verb) – Break, flout, breach, disobey, disregard, infringe उल्लंघन करना
16. **Convention** (noun) – a large meeting or conference, especially of members of a political party or a particular profession or group. सम्मेलन
17. **Signatory** (noun) – A party that has signed an agreement, especially a state that has signed a treaty हस्ताक्षरकर्ता
18. **Flee** (verb) – escape, run away, get away, bolt, leave भाग जाना, एकाएक त्यागना
19. **Estimated** (adjective) – Projected, assessed, valued, अनुमानित
20. **Economic refugee** (noun) – a person who leaves his or her home country in search of better job prospects and higher living standards elsewhere.
21. **Problematic** (adjective) – difficult, hard, problematical, taxing, troublesome समस्यात्मक

22. **Distinction** (noun) – difference, contrast, dissimilarity, dissimilitude, divergence अंतर
23. **Latch on to** (phrase) – to become interested in an idea, story, or activity, and to start to use it:
24. **Catchy** (adjective) – likely to attract attention आकर्षक
25. **Be long on something** (phrase) – having too much of one thing.
26. **Rhetoric** (noun) – a way of speaking or writing that is intended to impress or influence people but is not always sincere लफ्फाजी, बयानबाजी
27. **Mechanic** (noun) – the way in which something works or is done प्रक्रिया, क्रियाविधि
28. **Deterrent** (to) (noun) – obstacle, hindrance, impediment, obstruction अवरोध, आड़
29. **Sound** (verb) – appear, look, seem प्रतीत होना
30. **Neo-colonial** (adjective) – relating to or characterized by the control of less-developed countries by developed countries through indirect means.
31. **Hapless** (adjective) – unfortunate, unlucky, luckless, out of luck अभागी
32. **Unlikely** (adjective) – Improbable, Doubtful, Dubious असम्भव
33. **Anti-immigrant** (adjective) – opposed to or directed against the situation in which people come to a country in order to live there permanently आप्रवासी विरोधी
34. **Xenophobic** (adjective) – showing an extreme dislike or fear of people from foreign countries विदेशी-भीति या द्वेष से संबंधित
35. **Salience** (noun) – importance प्रमुखता
36. **Quote** (verb) – cite, quotation, recite, excerpt, mention हवाला करना, दुहराना
37. **Deport** (verb) – expel, banish, exile, transport, expatriate, extradite निर्वासित करना, निकाल देना
38. **Discriminate** (verb) – to treat one person or group worse than others भेदभाव करना या रखना
39. **Introspect** (verb) – examine one's own thoughts or feelings आत्म-निरीक्षण करना
40. **Enact** (verb) – make law, pass, approve, ratify, validate, sanction, कानून बनाना
41. **Shore** (noun) – a country or other geographic area bounded by a coast
42. **Braving** (adjective) – Defying, facing, confronting, bearing, enduring, suffering का सामना करते हुए