

# English Madhyam

(Weekly vocabulary compilation)

From 12 Jun 2023 to 17 Jun 2023

## For all competitive Exams

Bank (Po & clerk), IB ACIO, NDA, CDS, SSC (CGL, MTS, CHSL), MBA, Hotel Management, MCA, UPSC,  
B. Ed and other competitive exams.



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# Part - A

## The Pioneer - The nuisance that is convocation ceremony

1. **Nuisance** (noun) – Annoyance, irritation, bother, disturbance, inconvenience  
परेशानी पैदा करने वाला स्थिति
2. **Convocation** (noun) – a ceremony held at a university or college when students receive their degrees etc. on successful completion of a course दीक्षांत समारोह
3. **Ceremony** (noun) – Ritual, rite, observance, function, procedure समारोह
4. **Appropriately** (adverb) – Suitably, properly, fittingly, correctly, aptly उचित ढंग से
5. **Mimic** (verb) – Imitate, emulate, copy, mirror, simulate नकल करना
6. **Auspicious** (adjective) – Propitious, promising, favourable, fortunate, opportune शुभ
7. **Demean** (verb) – Disgrace, degrade, belittle, devalue, debase अपमानित करना, नीचा करना
8. **Rhyme** (verb) – Resonate, chime, echo, match, correlate समानता दिखना
9. **Mockery** (noun) – Ridicule, derision, scorn, burlesque, lampoon हंसी का पत्र
10. **Kindergarten** (noun) – a school for very young children, aged from about 3 to 5  
तीन से पाँच वर्ष की आयु के बच्चों का स्कूल;
11. **Confer** (verb) – Bestow, grant, award, present, endow प्रदान करना
12. **Eminent** (adjective) – Distinguished, renowned, prestigious, illustrious, notable प्रख्यात
13. **Attire** (noun) – Clothes, dress, outfit, garment, clothing वस्त्र
14. **Convince** (verb) – Persuade, assure, satisfy, reassure, sway मनाना
15. **Fetch** (verb) – Bring, get, carry, deliver, retrieve लाना
16. **State** (verb) – Declare, announce, proclaim, assert, affirm बताना
17. **Hand over** (phrasal verb) – Deliver, give, present, provide, submit सौंपना
18. **Privilege** (noun) – Advantage, benefit, entitlement, right, prerogative विशेषाधिकार
19. **Awe** (noun) – Admiration, respect, reverence, wonder, amazement आश्चर्य
20. **Limited** (to) (adjective) – Restricted, confined, restrained, bounded, curbed सीमित
21. **Diminishing** (adjective) – Decreasing, reducing, declining, lessening, dwindling घटता हुआ

22. **At large** (phrase) – In general, broadly, universally, generally कुल मिलाकर; सामान्य रूप से
23. **Affiliation** (noun) – Association, connection, attachment, alliance, relationship संबंध
24. **Honorary** (adjective) – given as an honour (without the person needing the usual certificates, etc.)
25. **Hefty** (adjective) – Large, substantial, sizable, considerable, massive बड़ा, काफी अधिक
26. **Nominee** (noun) – a person who is suggested for an important job, prize, etc. नामांकित
27. **Concerned** (adjective) – Involved, implicated, interested, affected, related सम्बंधित
28. **Associated** (with) (adjective) – Connected, related, linked, correlated, allied से सम्बंधित, से जुड़ा
29. **Domain** (noun) – Area, field, territory, realm, sphere क्षेत्र, विभाग
30. **Stay away from** (phrase) – Avoid, keep clear of, steer clear of, shun, eschew से दूर रहना, टालना
31. **Gimmick** (noun) – a trick or device intended to attract attention, publicity, or trade. नौटंकी/ हथकंडा

## The Tribune – Functional toilets vital

1. **Vital** (adjective) – Fundamental, imperative, essential, critical, crucial, अत्यावश्यक
2. **Overstated** (adjective) – Exaggerated, overemphasized, overrated, overstressed, amplified, अत्यधिक बढ़ाचढ़ाकर कहा गया
3. **Filthy** (adjective) – Dirty, unclean, grimy, squalid, polluted, गंदा
4. **Often** (adverb) – Frequently, regularly, commonly, repeatedly, habitually, अक्सर
5. **Reluctant** (adjective) – Unwilling, hesitant, resistant, disinclined, loath, अनिच्छुक
6. **So as to do something** (phrase) – In order to, for the purpose of, with the aim to, with the intention to, so that, ताकि
7. **Loo** (noun) – Toilet, restroom, lavatory, bathroom, शौचालय
8. **Expose** (verb) – cause someone to be vulnerable or at risk. के खतरे में डालना
9. **Stringent** (adjective) – Strict, severe, rigorous, tight, stern, कठोर
10. **Unhygienic** (adjective) – Insanitary, dirty, unclean, contaminated, polluted, अस्वच्छ
11. **Visualise** (verb) – Imagine, envisage, picture, conceive, envision, कल्पना करना
12. **Scenario** (noun) – Situation, condition, circumstance, case, state of affairs, परिदृश्य
13. **State-run** (adjective) – Government-operated, state-controlled, public, national, state-owned, सरकारी
14. **Urinal** (noun) – Public toilet, lavatory, restroom, public convenience, पेशाबघर
15. **The tall talk** (phrase) – boasting or exaggerated storytelling बढ़ाकर कहा हुआ
16. **Fall flat** (phrase) – fail completely to produce the intended or expected effect. वांछित प्रभाव उत्पन्न करने में विफल
17. **In the face of** (phrase) – Despite, notwithstanding, regardless of, in spite of, बावजूद
18. **Appalling** (adjective) – Horrible, dreadful, shocking, ghastly, horrendous, भयानक
19. **Sanitation** (noun) – Cleanliness, hygiene, sterility, sanitation, स्वच्छता
20. **Denial** (noun) – Disavowal, negation, refusal, rejection, disallowance, इनकार

21. **Inextricably** (adverb) – Inseparably, indissolubly, indistinguishably, closely, tightly, अटूट रूप से
22. **Disincentive** (noun) – Deterrent, discouragement, dissuasion, obstacle, hindrance, निरुत्साहन
23. **Compromise** (verb) – Undermine, weaken, impair, mar, jeopardize, समझौता करना
24. **Potential** (noun) – Capability, capacity, ability, power, aptitude, क्षमता
25. **Barrier** (noun) – Obstacle, hindrance, impediment, blockage, hurdle, बाधा
26. **Drop out** (phrasal verb) – Quit, leave, withdraw, abandon, give up; abandon a course of study., छोड़ देना
27. **Deprived** (of) (adjective) – Bereft, stripped, dispossessed, robbed, divested, वंचित
28. **Requisite** (adjective) – Necessary, required, compulsory, mandatory, indispensable, आवश्यक
29. **Ill-maintained** (adjective) – Neglected, dilapidated, run-down, uncared-for, deteriorated, बुरी तरह से रखरखाव किया हुआ
30. **Undermine** (verb) – Weaken, subvert, sabotage, undercut, destabilize, कमजोर करना
31. **Retention** (noun) – the ability to keep or continue having something:
32. **Wake-up call** (noun) – If something that happens is a wake-up call, it should make you realize that you need to take action to change a situation: किसी चेतावनी या संकेत के रूप में
33. **Prioritise** (verb) – Rank, give precedence, privilege, put first, prefer, प्राथमिकता देना
34. **Penalise** (verb) – Punish, discipline, sanction, chastise, reprimand, दंडित करना
35. **Pay attention** (phrase) – Heed, mind, be attentive, take notice of, ध्यान देना
36. **In this regard** (phrase) – In relation to this, concerning this, in this context, in this matter, इस संदर्भ में

## The Hindu Editorial – Fall from grace (14 June, 2023)

1. **Fall from grace** (phrase) – lose favour or a position of power or honour. सम्मान खोना
2. **Trajectory** (noun) – Path, arc, curve, track, course प्रक्षेप-पथ
3. **Refusal** (noun) – denial, rejection, rebuff, repudiation, negation इनकार
4. **Tory** (noun) – (in the UK) a member or supporter of the Conservative Party.
5. **Victory** (noun) – Triumph, success, achievement, conquest, win विजय
6. **Steep** (adjective) – Sharp, precipitous, abrupt, sudden तीव्र
7. **Conservative Party** (noun) – A political party in Great Britain, successor to the Tory party and characterized by moderate progressivism.
8. **Amid** (preposition) – Among, in the middle of, surrounded by के बीच
9. **Revolt** (noun) – Rebellion, insurrection, uprising, mutiny विद्रोह
10. **Lawmaker** (noun) – Legislator, member of parliament, policymaker विधायक
11. **Probe** (verb) – Investigate, examine, inspect, scrutinize छानबीन करना
12. **Partygate** (noun) – A political scandal in the United Kingdom, regarding parties and other gatherings of government and Conservative Party staff held during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and 2021, when there were public health restrictions that prohibited most gatherings.
13. **Scandal** (noun) – Disgrace, outrage, ignominy, scandalous behaviour कांड
14. **Mislead** (verb) – Deceive, delude, misinform, fool गुमराह करना
15. **A host** (of) (noun) – A lot, multitude, abundance, numerous सै बहुत सारे
16. **Impose** (verb) – Inflict, enforce, levy, apply थोपना
17. **House of Commons** (noun) – The lower house of the Parliament of the United Kingdom
18. **Apparently** (adverb) – Seemingly, evidently, ostensibly, superficially प्रत्यक्ष रूप से
19. **Suspension** (noun) – Pause, interruption, break, halt निलंबन
20. **Make public** (phrase) – Disclose, reveal, announce, make known सार्वजनिक करना
21. **Hyperbole** (noun) – Exaggeration, overstatement, magnification अतिशयोक्ति
22. **Conservatism** (noun) – A political and social philosophy promoting traditional social institutions. संरक्षणवाद



23. **Hardline** (adjective) – Uncompromising, strict, rigid, unyielding कट्टरपंथी
24. **Nationalism** (noun) – Patriotism, national pride, xenophobia राष्ट्रवाद
25. **Chaotic** (adjective) – Disordered, confused, tumultuous, in disarray अराजक
26. **Brexit** (noun) – the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community
27. **Accuse** (of) (verb) – charge with, indict for, arraign for आरोप लगाना
28. **Witch hunt** (noun) – an intensive inquiry, originally or purportedly to discover and expose dishonesty, subversion, or other wrongdoing, अत्यधिक जांच
29. **Slam** (verb) – criticize, censure, attack, denounce आलोचना करना
30. **Revenge** (noun) – retaliation, retribution, requital प्रतिशोध
31. **Highlight** (noun) – focus of attention, centre of interest, most interesting part मुख्य बातें
32. **Back bencher** (noun) – a Member of Parliament who is not a minister or shadow minister; they sit towards the back of the chamber
33. **Abject** (adjective) – miserable, hopeless, wretched, woeful, awful, appalling, pathetic. घोर
34. **Disregard** (noun) – neglect, ignore, overlook, carelessness, indifference, inattention उपेक्षा
35. **Accountability** (noun) – responsibility, liability, answerability जवाबदेही
36. **Violate** (verb) – breach, break, disobey उल्लंघन करना
37. **Repent** (verb) – express regret, feel remorse पश्चात्ताप करना
38. **Lie** (to) (verb) – deceive, mislead, falsify झूठ बोलना
39. **Imagined** (adjective) – supposed, presumed, assumed, guessed, believed कल्पित
40. **Racket** (noun) – fraudulent scheme, illegal business, criminal activity, illegal scheme, swindle धांधली, धमाचौकड़ी
41. **Remainer** (noun) – a person who supported the UK staying in the EU
42. **Come to terms with** (phrase) – accept, reconcile oneself to, come to accept स्वीकार करना
43. **Mess** (noun) – chaos, disorder, disarray गड़बड़ी
44. **Leave behind** (phrase) – abandon, desert, forsake पीछे छोड़ना
45. **Rebellion** (noun) – uprising, revolt, insurrection विद्रोह

46. **Quicken** (verb) – accelerate, hasten, speed up गति बढ़ाना
47. **Fall** (noun) – downfall, degradation, decline, defeat, collapse, overthrow पतन
48. **Sound** (verb) – seem, appear, look प्रतीत होना
49. **Constructive** (adjective) – positive, beneficial, useful सकारात्मक
50. **Assessment** (noun) – evaluation, appraisal, analysis मूल्यांकन
51. **By-election** (noun) – an election to choose a new Member of Parliament for a particular town or area (a constituency). It is held when the former member has died or left suddenly उप-चुनाव
52. **Back-to-back** (adjective) – Consecutive, sequential, successive, following, continuous एक के पीछे एक
53. **Setback** (noun) – Obstacle, hitch, complication, difficulty बाधा
54. **Poll** (noun) – Survey, ballot, vote, election मतदान
55. **Drop** (verb) – Abandon, give up, discard, relinquish त्यागना
56. **Right-wing** (adjective) – Conservative, reactionary, traditionalist, ultraconservative दक्षिणपंथी
57. **Destabilise** (verb) – undermine, weaken, impair, damage, subvert, sabotage अस्थिर करना
58. **Rupture** (verb) – Break, split, fracture, breach टूटना
59. **Landscape** (noun) – a particular field of activity परिदृश्य
60. **Isolationism** (noun) – a policy of remaining apart from the affairs or interests of other groups, especially the political affairs of other countries. अलगाववाद
61. **Battered** (adjective) – Damaged, beaten, worn, ruined क्षतिग्रस्त; पस्त
62. **At home** (phrase) – In one's own country अपने ही देश में
63. **Quest** (noun) – Search, mission, pursuit, exploration, expedition खोज, तलाश

## The Hindu Editorial – The next step (June 15, 2023)

1. **Normalcy** (noun) – the condition of being normal; the state of being usual, typical, or expected. साधारण अवस्था
2. **Ethnicisation** (noun) – The act or process of making or becoming ethnic
3. **Governance** (noun) – the action or manner of governing a state, organization, etc. शासन
4. **Stumbling block** (noun) – Obstacle, difficult, problem, barrier, snag, hindrance बाधा
5. **Peace** (verb) – Pacify, calm, tranquilize, soothe, mollify. शांत करना
6. **Aftermath** (noun) – Consequence, result, outcome, repercussion, दुष्परिणाम
7. **Address** (verb) – Confront, tackle, deal with, attend to, take on. सुलझाना, निपटाना,
8. **Grievance** (noun) – Complaint, protest, objection, grumble. शिकायत
9. **Lead** (to) (verb) – Result in, cause, bring about, give rise to. वजह बनना
10. **In the first place** (phrase) – at the beginning; to begin with. सब से पहले
11. **Redress** (noun) – Remedy, resolution, rectification, solution. समाधान, सुधार
12. **Wanton** (adjective) – intentional, calculated, conscious, done on purpose, knowing जान-बूझकर
13. **Targeted** (adjective) – Aimed, designed, intended, purposeful. लक्षित
14. **Blockade** (noun) – Barricade, barrier, obstruction, barricade. नाकाबंदी
15. **Displaced** (adjective) – Uprooted, relocated, removed, displaced. विस्थापित
16. **In order to** (phrase) – With the purpose of. ताकि
17. **Effect** (verb) – Bring about, cause, accomplish, achieve. लागू करना
18. **Eminent** (adjective) – Distinguished, renowned, illustrious, esteemed. प्रसिद्ध
19. **Tamp down** (phrasal verb) – Suppress, subdue, quell, restrain, reduce, lessen, decrease, diminish. दबाना
20. **Ember** (noun) – Remnant, residue, fragment, leftover; glowing coal, burning wood. अंगारा; चिनगारी
21. **Following** (preposition) – After, subsequent to, ensuing. के बाद
22. **Conflagration** (noun) – Fire, inferno, blaze, combustion. भयानक आग

23. **Must** (noun) – Requirement, necessity, need, requisite. ज़रूरत
24. **Paramilitary force** (noun) – It include, CRPF, CISF, ITBP, Assam rifles, BSF etc.
25. **Stem** (verb) – Stop, halt, check, curb. रोकना
26. **Sporadic** (adjective) – Occasional, infrequent, irregular, intermittent, scattered छिटपुट
27. **Ethnic** (adjective) – Racial, tribal, cultural, traditional, indigenous जातीय
28. **Arson** (noun) – Fire-raising, incendiarism, pyromania, ignition आगजनी
29. **Entail** (verb) – Involve, necessitate, require, demand, need आवश्यक बनाना
30. **Looted** (adjective) – Pillaged, ransacked, robbed, plundered लूटा हुआ
31. **Battered** (adjective) – damaged, spoiled, impaired/ruined. क्षतिग्रस्त
32. **Hit a snag** (phrase) – Encounter a problem, run into trouble, face an obstacle बाधा आना
33. **Standing** (noun) – Reputation, prestige, respect, esteem, stature प्रतिष्ठा
34. **Transcend** (verb) – Surpass, exceed, outshine, eclipse, outdo पार करना
35. **Identity** (noun) – Individuality, self, character, personality, existence पहचान
36. **Reveal** (verb) – Disclose, unveil, expose, divulge, tell उजागर करना
37. **Complicate** (verb) – Make difficult, complicate, exacerbate, worsen जटिल बनाना
38. **Worryingly** (adverb) – Alarming, disturbingly, disconcertingly, unsettlingly चिंताजनक रूप से
39. **Expressly** (adverb) – Explicitly, specifically, particularly, clearly स्पष्ट रूप से
40. **Rake up** (phrasal verb) – Bring up, revive, dredge up, rekindle पुरानी बातें उठाना
41. **Unwarranted** (adjective) – Unjustified, undue, uncalled for, unnecessary अनुचित
42. **Generalisation** (noun) – Broad statement, sweeping statement, overgeneralization सामान्यीकरण
43. **Give up on** (phrase) – Abandon, desert, discard, forsake त्याग देना
44. **Persuade** (verb) – Convince, influence, coax, sway मनाना
45. **Prominent** (adjective) – Notable, eminent, distinguished, leading प्रमुख

46. **The fact that** (phrase) – used to refer to a specific situation under consideration/discussion. तथ्य यह है कि
47. **Aegis** (noun) – Protection, backing, support, patronage संरक्षण
48. **Push the envelope on** (phrase) – To exceed or try to exceed the existing limits
49. **Ease** (verb) – soothe, relieve, alleviate, mitigate, assuage सुगम बनाना
50. **Run-up to** (noun) – a period of time just before an important event.
51. **Ineffectual** (adjective) – Unsuccessful, unproductive, fruitless, futile असफल
52. **Shown up** (phrasal verb) – Exposed, revealed, disclosed, unveiled प्रकट होना
53. **Govern** (verb) – Rule, control, command, lead शासन करना

## Indian Express Editorial – Stockholding limits on wheat (16 June, 2023)

1. **Stockholding** (noun) – an amount of goods that a company keeps for use in the future
2. **Cap** (noun) – Limit, restriction, threshold, restraint, ceiling सीमा
3. **Amid** (preposition) – Among, amongst, surrounded by, in the middle of, between के बीच
4. **Estimate** (noun) – Assessment, appraisal, evaluation, guess, approximation अनुमान
5. **Mixed signal** (noun) – Ambiguity, paradox, confusion, contradiction, double message अस्पष्ट संकेत
6. **Impose** (verb) – Inflict, force, foist, levy, enforce थोपना
7. **Clamp** (verb) – Fasten, secure, fix, bind, tighten शिकंजा कसना
8. **Withdraw** (verb) – Remove, extract, retract, recall, pull out वापस लेना
9. **Fall** (noun) – Decline, decrease, drop, downturn, reduction गिरावट
10. **Depleted** (adjective) – Exhausted, emptied, drained, consumed, spent समाप्त
11. **Inventory** (noun) – Stock, store, reserve, supply, stockpile भंडार
12. **Warehouse** (noun) – Storage place, storehouse, depot, repository, stockroom गोदाम
13. **Spiralling** (adjective) – Escalating, rising rapidly, soaring, skyrocketing तेजी से बढ़ रहा है
14. **Procure** (verb) – Obtain, acquire, get, secure, gain प्राप्त करना
15. **Obvious** (adjective) – Clear, apparent, evident, plain, palpable स्पष्ट
16. **Rationale** (noun) – Reasoning, logic, sense, principle, reason तर्क
17. **So far** (phrase) – Until now, up to this point, to date, up to the present अब तक
18. **Register** (verb) – Record, note, log, document, post दर्ज करना
19. **Prospect** (noun) – Possibility, likelihood, potential, chance संभावना
20. **By extension** (phrase) – Consequently, therefore, hence, thus, subsequently विस्तार से
21. **Kharif crop** (noun) – Kharif crops are those that are sown in the monsoon season and are also known as monsoon crops
22. **Plant** (verb) – Sow, seed, scatter, broadcast, spread बोना

23. **Seemingly** (adverb) – Apparently, evidently, presumably, superficially प्रतीत होता है
24. **Cloud** (verb) – Obscure, blur, overshadow, eclipse, obfuscate धुंधला करना
25. **El Nino** (noun) – A climate cycle in the Pacific Ocean that has a global impact on weather patterns.
26. **Forecaster** (noun) – Predictor, prognosticator, seer, prophet, soothsayer भविष्यवाणी करने वाला
27. **For now** (phrase) – At present, currently, for the moment, momentarily, for the time being फिलहाल के लिए
28. **Probably** (adverb) – Likely, presumably, possibly, feasibly, perhaps शायद
29. **Result in** (phrase) – Lead to, cause, bring about, produce, generate परिणामस्वरूप
30. **Sound the alarm bell** (phrase) – Warn, alert, caution, raise the alarm, signal danger चेतावनी देना
31. **Levy** (verb) – Impose, charge, exact, assess, demand लगाना
32. **Duty** (noun) – Tax, levy, Cess, कर
33. **Non-parboiled** (adjective) – Not partially cooked or boiled. बिना उबला हुआ
34. **Shipment** (noun) – Export, Cargo, freight, consignment, delivery भेजा गया माल
35. **Precede** (verb) – come before (something) in time पूर्व में होना
36. **Miller** (noun) – A person who owns or operates a mill, especially a grain mill. चक्की चलाने वाला
37. **Precautionary** (adjective) – Protective, preventive, safety, defensive एहतिहाती
38. **Preemptive** (adjective) – Proactive, deterrent, anticipatory, preclusive पूर्वग्रही
39. **Convey** (verb) – Communicate, express, make known, reveal बताना
40. **Take any chances** (phrase) – To do something that has an uncertain outcome, to risk. जोखिम उठाना
41. **Standpoint** (noun) – Perspective, viewpoint, position, outlook दृष्टिकोण
42. **Conviction** (noun) – Certainty, confidence, assurance, belief विश्वास
43. **Tout** (verb) – Promote, advertise, publicize, talk up प्रचार करना
44. **Repeal** (noun) – Revocation, cancellation, retraction, rescinding खण्डन, निरसन
45. **Violate** (verb) – Breach, break, infract, disobey उल्लंघन करना

46. **Resurrect** (verb) – Revive, restore, renew, regenerate पुनर्जीवित करना
47. **Ghost** (noun) – a suggestion of some quality
48. **Essential** (adjective) – Necessary, vital, crucial, important आवश्यक
49. **Concern** (verb) – Worry, distress, trouble, bother चिंता करना
50. **Credibility** (noun) – Trustworthiness, reliability, dependability, integrity विश्वसनीयता
51. **Statistic** (noun) – Data, figure, information, number, detail आँकड़ा
52. **Harvest** (verb) – Gather, reap, collect, pick, accumulate काटना
53. **Symptomatic** (adjective) – Indicative, suggestive, representative, symbolic, emblematic संकेतात्मक
54. **Claim** (verb) – Assert, declare, state, aver, affirm दावा करना
55. **Central** (adjective) – Significant, main, key, pivotal, most important, महत्वपूर्ण
56. **All-too-often** (adverb) – Frequently, recurrently, regularly, usually, customarily अक्सर



## The Hindu Editorial – Cultural shift (17 June, 2023)

1. **Shift** (noun) – Change, move, swing, modification, alteration परिवर्तन
2. **UNESCO** (noun) – UNESCO stands for the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. It is a specialized agency of the United Nations that promotes international collaboration in education, science, culture, and communication.
3. **Frivolous** (adjective) – Trivial, petty, insignificant, unnecessary, non-serious तुच्छ
4. **Ground** (noun) – Base, reason, rationale, cause आधार
5. **Withdraw** (verb) – Leave, retract, pull out, remove, retreat, depart से अलग हो जाना
6. **Cease** (verb) – Stop, end, terminate, halt, discontinue रोकना
7. **Ostensibly** (adverb) – Apparently, seemingly, supposedly, outwardly, superficially प्रकट रूप से
8. **State** (verb) – Declare, announce, proclaim, express, articulate कहना
9. **Influence** (noun) – power, authority, leverage, sway, weightage, domination प्रभाव
10. **Artificial intelligence** (noun) – Artificial intelligence, or AI, refers to the simulation of human intelligence processes by machines, especially computer systems. These processes include learning, reasoning, problem-solving, perception, and language understanding.
11. **Ensuing** (adjective) – Subsequent, following, succeeding, upcoming, consequent आनेवाला
12. **For a change** (phrase) – For something different, as a break from routine, as a novelty, for a variety परिवर्तन के लिए
13. **Proffer** (verb) – Offer, propose, present, extend, suggest प्रस्ताव करना
14. **Multi-lateral** (adjective) – involving many different countries. बहुपक्षीय
15. **Treaty** (noun) – Agreement, pact, contract, deal, arrangement संधि
16. **Withdrawal** (noun) – departure, pull-out, exit, disengagement. निकासी
17. **Fund** (verb) – provide with money for a particular purpose. धन प्रदान करना
18. **Paris Agreement** (noun) – The Paris Agreement is an international treaty negotiated by the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), aiming to limit global warming to well below 2 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5 degrees Celsius.

19. **Shortchange** (verb) – Cheat, defraud, deceive, swindle, trick ठगना, धोखा देना
20. **Polluter** (noun) – a person or thing responsible for contaminating the environment with harmful or poisonous substances. प्रदूषण फैलाने वाला
21. **Gravity** (noun) – Seriousness, severity, magnitude, weightiness, importance गंभीरता
22. **Following** (preposition) – After, subsequent to, succeeding, post के बाद
23. **Bring back into the fold of** (phrase) – to bring someone (back) into a group of people who share common beliefs फिर से सम्मिलित करना
24. **Unlike** (preposition) – Contrary to, different from, dissimilar to, disparate from से भिन्न
25. **Propel** (verb) – Drive, push, impel, prompt, spur प्रेरित करना
26. **Have little to do with** (phrase) – Be unrelated to, be unconnected with, not concern with, have no bearing on का कम सम्बन्ध होना
27. **In the first place** (phrase) – Originally, initially, to begin with, from the start, at the outset सब से पहले
28. **Anti-** (prefix) – Against, opposing, counter, resisting, combating विरोधी
29. **Bias** (noun) – Prejudice, partiality, unfairness, one-sidedness, inequality पक्षपात
30. **Then and now** (phrase) – Over the years, with time, in the past and present तब और अब
31. **Staunchest** (adjective) – Most loyal, most committed, most faithful, firm, steadfast कट्टर
32. **Ally** (noun) – Partner, collaborator, supporter, friend सहयोगी
33. **Infer** (verb) – Conclude, deduce, gather, understand अनुमान लगाना
34. **Paranoia** (noun) – Suspicion, distrust, fear, anxiety, apprehension संदेह/ वहम
35. **Recall** (verb) – Remember, recollect, reminisce, bring to mind याद करना
36. **Among other things** (phrase) – Besides, in addition to, apart from, other than अन्य चीजों के अलावा
37. **Advance** (verb) – Promote, develop, improve, enhance, boost बढ़ाना
38. **Patent** (noun) – Licence, copyright, trademark, permit पेटेंट
39. **Enforcement** (noun) – Implementation, execution, application, administration प्रवर्तन
40. **Edge** (noun) – Advantage, upper hand, lead, dominance बढ़त

41. **Repertoire** (noun) – Collection, range, array, assortment संग्रह
42. **Surveillance state** (noun) – A surveillance state refers to a country or government that extensively monitors and retains information about its citizens, often via pervasive technology. निगरानी राज्य
43. **Feed** (into) (verb) – Contribute to, add to, lead to, result in योगदान देना
44. **Trove** (noun) – Store, stockpile, collection, treasure खजाना
45. **Machine learning system** (noun) – Machine learning system is a type of AI that allows a system to learn from data rather than through explicit programming. It can improve its performance or adapt to new circumstances. मशीन सीखने की प्रणाली
46. **Formidable** (adjective) – Impressive, powerful, strong, forceful प्रभावशाली, दुर्जेय
47. **Sustained** (adjective) – Continuous, constant, steady, ongoing निरंतर
48. **Outstanding** (adjective) – Unpaid, due, owed, owing बकाया
49. **Dues** (noun) – Obligation, payment, fee, charge बकाया राशि
50. **It is high time** (phrase) – It is the right time, it is about time, it is overdue उचित समय है
51. **Point out** (phrasal verb) – Indicate, show, denote, highlight इशारा करना
52. **Alongside** (preposition) – With, alongside, in company with, together with, in conjunction with साथ में
53. **Accommodate** (verb) – Adjust, adapt, cater, fit, reconcile समायोजित करना
54. **Tussle** (noun) – Struggle, conflict, fight, battle, clash संघर्ष
55. **Hyper-connected** (adjective) – characterized by the widespread or habitual use of devices that have internet connectivity. अत्यधिक जोड़े हुए