

Legislating change: On the passage of the women's reservation bill in the Lok Sabha

The Women's Reservation Bill must be passed in its current form without further delay

The **passage** of the women's reservation bill in the Lok Sabha almost three **decades** after it was first **tabled** in Parliament **is** a welcome move that can finally **shatter** a political **glass ceiling**. With women Members of Parliament comprising only about 15% of the strength of the Lok Sabha, **the gender inequality** in political representation **is stark** and disturbing. The 128th Constitution **Amendment Bill**, or the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam, **seeks to amend** this by reserving a third of the seats in the Lok Sabha and legislative Assemblies for women. It has a 15-year **sunset clause** for the quota, that can be extended. **Considering** the **fraught** history of the struggle for women's reservation, and several false starts despite the Rajya Sabha passing it in 2010, it is **laudatory** that **the first Bill** to be introduced in the new Sansad Bhavan **has** been passed in the Lok Sabha. But its implementation will be delayed as it has been **tied** to two factors, **delimitation** and the **Census**, and **therein lies the rub**. It is unfortunate that implementation is being linked to delimitation, for the principle of having a third of seats reserved for women has nothing to do with the territorial limits of constituencies or the number of Assembly or Lok Sabha constituencies in each State.

Women will thus not have access to 33% reservation in the 2024 general election. The Bill also **mandates** that as nearly as one-third of the seats reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes will be **set aside** for women. The Opposition is demanding an internal quota for women of Other Backward Classes, but this should not be used as a **ruse** to delay implementation. **In the meantime**, proposals should be **fine tuned** to ensure that when it becomes an Act, it is not **mere tokenism** for women's political representation. It is a fact that local bodies are better represented, with the share of women in panchayati raj institutions well above 50% in several States. Lessons must be **imbibed** on how women at the **grassroots** level have broken **all sorts of** barriers, from **patriarchal** mindsets at home to not being taken seriously in their official duties, and **made a difference**. Women struggle on so many other **counts**: they have uneven access to health, nutrition and education, there is a lack of safe places, women are also **falling** out of the workforce — among the G-20 countries, India's female labour force participation is the lowest at 24%. **India**, which gave women voting rights **at the very outset**, **should** not **falter** when it comes to ensuring better political representation for women. For growth, and **instituting** change in key areas, women need to **have their say**. **[Practice Exercise]**

- Red/blue coloring of words in the sentence indicates subject verb relationship; where 'red' denotes 'subject' and 'blue' denotes 'verb'.

Vocabulary

1. **Decade** (noun) – A period of 10 years दशक
2. **Table** (verb) – Present, submit, introduce, offer, propose, प्रस्तुत करना
3. **Shatter** (verb) – Break, fracture, splinter, crush, smash, टूटना
4. **Glass ceiling** (noun) – An unofficially acknowledged barrier to advancement in a profession, especially affecting women and members of minorities, आभासी सीमा
5. **Stark** (adjective) – Clear-cut, pronounced, evident, glaring, अधिक स्पष्ट
6. **Amendment** (noun) – Modification, change, alteration, revision, संशोधन
7. **Seek** (verb) – try, attempt, endeavour, strive प्रयास करना
8. **Amend** (verb) – Modify, alter, change, adjust, संशोधन करना
9. **Sunset clause** (noun) – A provision in a law or regulation that automatically terminates or repeals the law or regulation after a specified period unless it's explicitly renewed, समय-सीमित प्रावधान
10. **Considering** (preposition) – Taking into account, given that, in view of, ध्यान में रखते हुए
11. **Fraught** (adjective) – tense, anxious, charged, stressed खराब/ तनावपूर्ण
12. **Laudatory** (adjective) – Praiseworthy, commendatory, admiring, प्रशंसात्मक
13. **Tie** (to) (verb) – Bind, link, attach, connect, जोड़ना
14. **Delimitation** (noun) – The process of fixing limits or boundaries of territorial constituencies in a country, सीमा निर्धारण
15. **Census** (noun) – Population count, population survey, head count, जनगणना
16. **Therein lies the rub** (phrase) – That's the main problem or difficulty, वही मुख्य समस्या है
17. **Mandate** (noun) – Order, command, instruction, directive, आदेश
18. **Set aside** (phrasal verb) – Reserve, earmark, allocate, अलग रखना
19. **Ruse** (noun) – Trick, stratagem, tactic, छल
20. **In the meantime** (phrase) – Meanwhile, in the interim, इस दौरान
21. **Fine tune** (phrase) – making small adjustments to (something) in order to achieve the best or a desired performance.
22. **Mere** (adjective) – Sheer, pure, simple, केवल
23. **Tokenism** (noun) – The practice of making only a perfunctory or symbolic effort to do something, especially by recruiting a small

- number of people from underrepresented groups in order to give the appearance of equality, प्रतीकात्मकता
24. **Imbibe** (verb) – Absorb or assimilate (ideas or knowledge) विचार आत्मसात करना
25. **Grassroots** (noun) – The basic or fundamental level, base, जनता का समूह
26. **All sorts of** (phrase) – Various types of, different kinds of, numerous, a range of, assorted, मौजूद हर प्रकार का
27. **Patriarchal** (adjective) – Male-dominated, fatherly, androcentric, patrilineal, पितृसत्तात्मक
28. **Make a difference** (phrase) – Have an impact, bring about change, effect change, matter, अंतर पैदा करना
29. **Counts** (noun) – Considerations, aspects, factors, points, पहलू
30. **Fall** (verb) – to become lower or less कम होना, घटना
31. **At the outset** (phrase) – In the beginning, initially, at the start, firstly, प्रारंभ में
32. **Falter** (verb) – Hesitate, waver, stumble, be unsure, हिचकिचाना
33. **Institute** (verb) – Establish, set up, start, initiate, आरंभ करना
34. **Have one's say** (phrase) – Express one's opinion, voice one's thoughts, get a word in, speak out, अपनी राय रखना

Summary of the Editorial

1. The editorial welcomes the passage of the Women's Reservation Bill in the Lok Sabha, a significant step after almost three decades of its introduction.
2. The Bill aims to address gender inequality in political representation by reserving 33% of seats in the Lok Sabha and state legislative Assemblies for women.
3. The 128th Constitution Amendment Bill, also known as the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam, has been passed in the Lok Sabha as the first bill introduced in the new Sansad Bhavan.
4. The Bill includes a 15-year "sunset clause," allowing for the possibility of extending the reservation after this period.
5. Despite the Bill's passage, its implementation is tied to delimitation and Census data, causing delays.
6. The delay means that the 33% reservation will not be applicable in the 2024 general elections.
7. The Bill also specifies that around one-third of seats reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes should be for women.
8. Opposition parties are demanding an internal quota for women from Other Backward Classes, but the editorial argues that this should not be an excuse to delay the Bill's implementation.
9. The editorial calls for fine-tuning the proposals to ensure the Act does not become mere tokenism for women's political representation.
10. It points out that local governance bodies like panchayats already have substantial women's representation, often exceeding 50% in several states.
11. The editorial stresses that lessons should be taken from how women at the grassroots level have overcome various barriers, including patriarchal mindsets.
12. The editorial notes that women face challenges beyond politics, such as access to health, nutrition, and education, as well as lack of safe spaces.
13. It highlights that India has the lowest female labor force participation rate among the G-20 countries, at just 24%.
14. The editorial asserts that India, which granted women voting rights from its inception, should not falter in providing women better political representation.
15. For meaningful growth and change, the editorial concludes that women need to have their voices heard in political spheres and urges the swift implementation of the Bill.

Practice Exercise: SSC Pattern Based

[Editorial Page]

1. **What is the tone of the second paragraph in the passage?**
 - A. Optimistic
 - B. Indifferent
 - C. Critical
 - D. Jubilant
2. **Which of the following would be an appropriate title for the passage?**
 - A. The History of Women's Voting Rights in India
 - B. Women's Political Struggles in India
 - C. Breaking the Political Glass Ceiling: A Delayed Victory
 - D. India's Economic Growth and Women
3. **What is the main theme of the passage?**
 - A. Women's Healthcare in India
 - B. Gender Inequality in Political Representation
 - C. The Role of Women in Panchayati Raj Institutions
 - D. Economic Challenges Faced by Women in India
4. **Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about the passage of the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam Bill in the Lok Sabha?**
 - A. The Bill has already been fully implemented.
 - B. The Bill was first introduced in the Rajya Sabha.
 - C. The Bill has been met with unanimous approval.
 - D. The Bill has not come into effect immediately due to certain conditions.
5. **Which of the following statements is NOT correct based on the information provided in the passage?**
 - A. The 128th Constitution Amendment Bill aims to reserve a third of the seats in the Lok Sabha and legislative Assemblies for women.
 - B. The Bill has a 15-year sunset clause for the quota.
 - C. Women are guaranteed to benefit from the 33% reservation in the 2024 general election.
 - D. The share of women in panchayati raj institutions is well above 50% in several States.
6. **Select the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.**

Great leaders don't ignore trivial things.

 - A. Small
 - B. Serious
 - C. Informal
 - D. Urgent
7. **Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the underlined word.**

Her judicious act made him popular overnight.

 - A. Criminal
 - B. Unwise

- C. Loyal
D. Lawful
8. **Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the underlined word in the following sentence.**
The joyial host welcomed his guests with a warm smile and a hearty laugh.
A. Cheerful
B. Petulant
C. Buoyant
D. Convivial
9. **Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the underlined words in the following sentence.**
I am trying to study, if it is impossible with all this noise.
A. that it is impossible
B. but it is impossible
C. while it is impossible
D. unless it is impossible
10. **Select the option that expresses the given sentence in passive voice.**
Suresh stole my book.
A. My book is being stolen by Suresh.
B. My book got stolen by Suresh.
C. My book was stolen by Suresh.
D. My book was being stolen by Suresh.
11. **Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.**
Having a chip on one's shoulder
A. Having an unnecessary feeling of guilt
B. Having an irritated and unfriendly attitude
C. Having a proud and self-centred arrogance
D. Showing great resistance to any adversities
12. **Parts of a sentence are given below in jumbled order. Select the option that arranges the parts in the correct order to form a meaningful sentence.**
A) he has been
B) everyone he knows
C) so upset about his
D) him so rude to
E) divorce and that made
A. A, E, C, D, B
B. C, D, B, E, A
C. A, C, E, D, B
D. B, D, A, C, E
13. **Select the most appropriate synonym for the underlined word in the given sentence.**
She is painfully introverted, but an intelligent girl.
A. Shy
B. Outspoken

- C. Social
D. Bold
14. **Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No correction required'.**
Everyone sincerely and positively were ready to find the solution for the serious issue of sewage system
- A. Everyone were sincerely and positively
B. Everyone was sincerely and positively
C. No correction required.
D. Everyone had sincerely and positively
15. **Parts of a sentence are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the parts in the correct order to form a meaningful sentence.**
- A. what to tell you and how to say it
B. and there is darkness everywhere
C. and I do not quite know
D. the light has gone out of our lives
- A. BCAD
B. DBCA
C. ABCD
D. CABD
16. **Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the underlined word in the following sentence.**
The idea of investing all of his life savings in a risky startup seemed like an act of lunacy to his financial advisor.
- A. Sanity
B. Dismay
C. Delusion
D. Insanity
17. **Select the meaningful and correctly spelt word from the given options to fill in the blank.**
Whenever Susan received letters from the police, she _____ ignored them.
- A. intantienally
B. intoningly
C. indentionally
D. Intentionally
18. **Select the sentence that has the correct use of spellings from the given options.**
- A. In spite of the challenges possessed by the pandamic, the company adapted to remote work and successfully maintained productivity levels.
B. In spite of the challenges posed by the pandamic, the company adapted to remote work and successfully maintained productivity levels.
C. In spite of the challenges posed by the pandemic, the company adapted to remote work and successfully maintained productivity levels.
D. In spite of the challenges possessed by the pandemic, the company adapted to remote work and succesfully maintained productteivity levels

19. Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence.

The person who dislikes and distrusts other people lived alone in a secluded cabin deep in the woods, far away from the hustle and bustle of society.

- A. misanthrope
 - B. pessimist
 - C. hermit
 - D. Recluse
20. Select the most appropriate **ANTONYM** of the word in brackets to fill in the blank.

The gentle lapping of waves _____ (for) the shore was the only thing that could be heard.

- A. across
- B. beneath
- C. pro
- D. Against

Comprehension:

In the following passage some words have been deleted. Fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given. Select the most appropriate option for each blank.

Teenage is a (1)_____ of life that everyone goes through between childhood and adulthood. During this time, teenagers go through many changes both physically and emotionally. They may experience mood swings, have difficulty expressing their feelings, and sometimes (2)_____ impulsively. Teenagers are also trying to figure out their place in the world and may face pressure from peers, parents and society to (3)_____ to certain expectations. It is important for teenagers to have a support system that allows them to explore their interests, develop their own identity and make healthy choices. Despite the challenges that come with being a teenager, it can also be an exciting and transformative time. Teenagers have the (4)_____ to learn new skills, make lifelong friends and explore new experiences that can shape their future. It is important for parents, educators and other adults to provide teenagers with guidance, support and resources that can help them (5)_____ the challenges of adolescence

21. Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 1.

- A. transition
- B. phase
- C. feeling
- D. Milestone

22. Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 2.

- A. pretend
- B. run
- C. play
- D. Act

23. Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 3.

- A. certify

- B. match
- C. conform
- D. Appeal

24. Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 4.

- A. possibility
- B. captivity
- C. opportunity
- D. Ability

25. Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 5.

- A. corelate
- B. propagate
- C. conclude
- D. reduce

Answers

1. C 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. A 7. B 8. B 9. B 10. C 11. B 12. C
 13. A 14. B 15. B 16. A 17. D 18. C 19. A 20. D 21. B 22. D 23. C 24. C
 26. D

[Practice Exercise]

Explanation

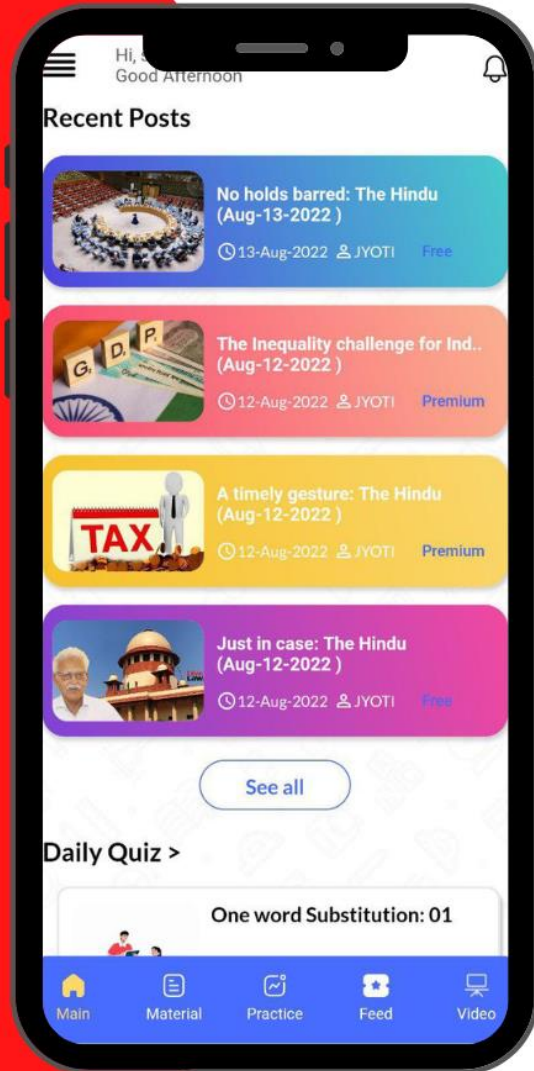
- C)** The second paragraph criticizes the delay in implementing the women's reservation bill, pointing out that it is unfortunate that its implementation is tied to delimitation and the Census. It also expresses concern that women will not benefit from the 33% reservation in the 2024 general election. These points indicate a critical tone toward the limitations and delays in the bill's implementation.
- C)** The passage discusses the passage of the women's reservation bill in the Lok Sabha and how it aims to address gender inequality in political representation. However, it also points out the delay in the bill's implementation. The title "Breaking the Political Glass Ceiling: A Delayed Victory" captures both the accomplishment and the associated concerns.
- B)** The primary focus of the passage is on the gender inequality that exists in India's political representation, specifically in the Lok Sabha. The passage discusses the recent passing of a bill aimed at amending this imbalance by reserving a third of the seats for women. Although other issues like healthcare and economic challenges are mentioned, they are not the central theme of the passage.
- D)** The correct answer is D) The Bill has not come into effect immediately due to certain conditions. The passage mentions that the implementation of the Bill will be delayed as it has been tied to two factors: delimitation and the Census. There is no information to suggest that the Bill has been fully implemented (A), first introduced in the Rajya Sabha (B), or met with unanimous approval (C).
- C)** The correct answer is C) Women are guaranteed to benefit from the 33% reservation in the 2024 general election. The passage explicitly states, "Women will thus not have access to 33% reservation in the 2024 general election," which contradicts this statement. The other statements are supported by the information in the passage.
- A) Trivial** (adjective) – Insignificant, minor, unimportant, petty, frivolous. तुच्छ
Synonym: **Small** (adjective) – Limited in size or amount, little, minor, slight. छोटा
 - Serious** (adjective) – Concerned with important rather than trivial matters, grave, somber. गंभीर
 - Informal** (adjective) – Casual, relaxed, unofficial. अनौपचारिक
 - Urgent** (adjective) – Requiring immediate attention, pressing, crucial, critical. अत्यावश्यक
- B) Judicious** (adjective) – Showing good judgement, wise, sensible, prudent. समझदार
Antonym: **Unwise** (adjective) – Lacking wisdom or judgement, foolish, imprudent. असमझदार

- **Criminal** (adjective) – Relating to crime, unlawful, illegal. अपराधी
 - **Loyal** (adjective) – Showing firm and constant support or allegiance to a person or institution, faithful, dedicated. वफादार
 - **Lawful** (adjective) – Conforming to, permitted by, or recognized by law or rules, legal, legitimate. कानूनी
8. B) **Jovial** (adjective) – Cheerful, full of high-spirited merriment, good-humored, merry. हंसमुख, खुश
- Antonym: Petulant** (adjective) – Irritable, peevish, grumpy, easily annoyed. चिड़चिड़ा
- **Cheerful** (adjective) – Showing or causing joy and happiness; bright and pleasant. प्रसन्न
 - **Buoyant** (adjective) – Cheerful and optimistic; able to float or rise. उत्साही
 - **Convivial** (adjective) – Friendly, lively, and enjoyable; sociable. मिलनसर
9. B) 'if it is impossible' के बदले 'but it is impossible' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि यह वाक्य एक विरोधाभास प्रकट कर रहा है, जिसमें पहला भाग कोशिश कर रहा है और दूसरा भाग सम्भावना की संभावना को नकार रहा है; जैसे— I am trying to study, but it is impossible with all this noise.
- 'but it is impossible' will be used instead of 'if it is impossible' because the sentence is presenting a contradiction, where the first part is attempting and the second part is negating the possibility; Like— I am trying to study, but it is impossible with all this noise.
10. C) My book was stolen by Suresh.
11. B) **Having a chip on one's shoulder** (idiom) – Having an irritated and unfriendly attitude
चिड़चिड़ा और अमैत्रीपूर्ण रवैया रखना
12. C) **A, C, E, D, B**
He has been so upset about his divorce and that made him so rude to everyone he knows
13. A) **Introverted** (adjective) – Inclined to turn inward or avoid social interaction, reserved, reticent, inward-looking. अंतर्मुखी
- Synonym: Shy** (adjective) – Being reserved or having or showing nervousness or timidity in the company of other people, bashful, diffident, reticent. शरमीला
- **Outspoken** (adjective) – Speaking one's mind freely, forthright, direct, candid. स्पष्टवादी
 - **Social** (adjective) – Relating to society or its organization, gregarious, outgoing, sociable. सामाजिक
 - **Bold** (adjective) – Showing an ability to take risks, confident, courageous, brave. साहसी

14. B) 'were' के बदले 'was' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि 'Everyone' एक Singular Subject है और इसके लिए Singular Verb की आवश्यकता है; जैसे— Everyone was happy.
- 'was' will be used instead of 'were' because 'Everyone' is a Singular Subject and requires a Singular Verb; Like— Everyone was happy.
15. B) **DBCA**
The light has gone out of our lives and there is darkness everywhere and I do not quite know what to tell you and how to say it
16. A) **Lunacy** (noun) – Madness, insanity, craziness, folly. **पागलपन**
Antonym: Sanity (noun) – Soundness of mind, reasonableness, sensibleness. **समझदारी**
- **Dismay** (noun) – Consternation, shock, surprise, alarm, distress. **चिंता/ निराशा**
 - **Delusion** (noun) – Misconception, misbelief, illusion, false impression. **भ्रान्ति**
 - **Insanity** (noun) – Madness, lunacy, mental illness, craziness. **पागलपन**
17. D) **Intentionally** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि इसका अर्थ है 'जानबूझकर'. sentence में बताया गया है कि Susan जब भी पुलिस से पत्र प्राप्त करती थी, वह उन्हें जानबूझकर अनदेखा करती थी। इसलिए, 'Intentionally' सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प होगा।
- **'Intentionally'** should be used because it means 'deliberately' or 'with knowledge'. The sentence indicates that whenever Susan received letters from the police, she would deliberately ignore them. Thus, 'Intentionally' would be the most appropriate choice.
18. C) In spite of the challenges posed by the pandemic, the company adapted to remote work and successfully maintained productivity levels
19. A) **misanthrope** (noun) – A person who dislikes humankind and avoids human society. **मानव द्वेषी**
- **Pessimist** (noun) – A person who tends to see the worst aspect of things or believe that the worst will happen. **निराशावादी**
 - **Hermit** (noun) – A person living in solitude as a religious discipline. **सन्यासी**
 - **Recluse** (noun) – A person who lives a solitary life and tends to avoid other people. **एकान्तप्रिय**
20. D) **For** (preposition) – Pro, in support of, in favour of, on behalf of के लिए
Antonym: Against (preposition) – In opposition to, contrary to, adverse to. **के विरुद्ध**
- **Across** (preposition) – From one side to the other side of. **उस पार**
 - **Beneath** (preposition) – Under, below, underneath. **नीचे**
 - **Pro** (preposition) – In favor of, supporting. **समर्थन में**

21. B) **'Phase'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "phase" का अर्थ होता है जीवन का एक खास अवधि या समय जिसमें विशेष परिवर्तन होते हैं। जबकि 'Transition' का अर्थ होता है परिवर्तन या बदलाव, 'Feeling' का अर्थ होता है भावना, और 'Milestone' का अर्थ होता है महत्वपूर्ण पदाव या घटना, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- **'Phase'** should be used because it refers to a specific duration or period in life characterized by particular changes. Whereas, 'Transition' means a change or shift, 'Feeling' denotes emotion, and 'Milestone' signifies a significant stage or event, which don't fit in this context.
22. D) **'Act'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "act" का अर्थ होता है किसी तरीके से प्रतिक्रिया करना या कार्य करना। जबकि 'Pretend' का अर्थ होता है बहाना करना या नाटक करना, 'Run' का अर्थ है दौड़ना, और 'Play' का अर्थ है खेलना, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- **'Act'** should be used because it means to behave in a certain way or take action. Whereas, 'Pretend' means to simulate or feign, 'Run' means to dash or move swiftly, and 'Play' means to engage in a game or fun activity, which don't fit in this context.
23. C) **'Conform'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "conform" का अर्थ होता है किसी निर्धारित मानक या उम्मीद के अनुसार अनुपालन करना। जबकि 'Certify' का अर्थ है प्रमाणित करना, 'Match' का अर्थ है मेल खाना, और 'Appeal' का अर्थ है प्रलोभन या आकर्षण, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- **'Conform'** should be used because it means to act in accordance with established standards or expectations. Whereas, 'Certify' means to verify or confirm, 'Match' means to align or coincide with, and 'Appeal' implies attraction or allure, which don't fit in this context.
24. C) **'Opportunity'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "opportunity" का अर्थ होता है किसी विशेष समय पर किसी कार्य को करने का मौका। जबकि 'Possibility' का अर्थ है संभावना, 'Captivity' का अर्थ है बंधन में होना या बंधक होना, और 'Ability' का अर्थ है किसी कार्य को करने की क्षमता, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- **'Opportunity'** should be used because it means a favorable time or occasion to do something. Whereas, 'Possibility' implies a chance something might happen, 'Captivity' means the condition of being imprisoned or confined, and 'Ability' implies the capacity to do something, which don't fit in this context.
25. D) **'Reduce'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "reduce" का अर्थ होता है घटाना या कम करना। इस संदर्भ में, किशोरावस्था की चुनौतियों को कम करने के लिए संसाधनों और समर्थन की जरूरत होती है। जबकि 'Corelate' का अर्थ है संबंधित करना, 'Propagate' का अर्थ है प्रसारित करना और 'Conclude' का अर्थ है निष्कर्ष पर पहुँचना, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- **'Reduce'** should be used because it means to lessen or decrease. In this context, there's a need for resources and support to decrease the challenges of adolescence. Whereas,

'Corelate' means to relate, 'Propagate' means to spread, and 'Conclude' means to reach an end or a decision, which don't fit in this context.



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