

Day - 22

Our unique approach combines the rigor of exam preparation with the joy of reading, ensuring that learning new words becomes a delightful experience. By engaging with the stories, students can see how vocabulary is naturally used in context, making their learning process both effective and enjoyable. This method is aimed at improving not just the recall of vocabulary during exams but also the ability to use language with flair and precision in various forms of communication

Vocabulary mastery is not only crucial for success in competitive exams but also enhances the art of storytelling. Recognizing this, we've integrated essential vocabulary into captivating stories, designed specifically to assist students preparing for exams such as the Banking, SSC, CDS, NDA, CLAT, CAT, GMAT, XAT, and more. These stories do not merely list words but bring them to life, helping to cement them in your memory

Sr.no	Words	Parts of speech	Meaning
1.	Bifurcate	Verb	Split, divide, separate, branch off, diverge. दो भागों में बँटना
2.	Deter	Verb	Discourage, dissuade, prevent, inhibit, restrain. रोकना
3.	Underprivileged	Adjective	Disadvantaged, deprived, needy, poor, impoverished. वंचित
4.	Abrogation	Noun	Repeal, revocation, cancellation, annulment, nullification. उन्मूलन
5.	Arbitrary	Adjective	Random, capricious, whimsical, erratic, subjective. मनमाना
6.	Glaring	Adjective	Obvious, flagrant, blatant, conspicuous, stark. स्पष्ट
7.	Razed	Adjective	Demolished, destroyed, leveled, flattened, annihilated उजड़ा हुआ
8.	Battered	Adjective	Damaged, beaten, worn, shattered, abused क्षतिग्रस्त
9.	Unfazed	Adjective	Unperturbed, unbothered, calm, composed, unruffled शांत, बेफिक्र
10.	Aid	Noun	Assistance, help, support, relief, succor सहायता

Story in English

Once upon a time in the serene hills of Uttarakhand, there was a small, picturesque village. The villagers were known for their resilience and harmony with nature. However, one fateful year, they faced an unprecedented challenge.

The skies above the village **bifurcated** (दो भागों में बँटना) dramatically, with dark clouds looming on one side and clear skies on the other. The villagers were initially unfazed (शांत, बेफिक्र), continuing their daily chores calmly. However, as the clouds gathered, a severe storm hit, bringing relentless rain and strong winds.

The storm's fury **razed** (उजड़ा हुआ) many homes and fields, leaving the village **battered** (क्षतिग्रस्त). The villagers, however, did not let this **deter** (रोकना) them. They united to rebuild their homes and lives, showing an indomitable spirit.

Their efforts attracted **aid** (सहायता) from nearby towns and cities. This help was crucial for the **underprivileged** (वंचित) sections of the village who suffered the most. The villagers' resilience turned a **glaring** (स्पष्ट) disaster into a story of hope and renewal.

In the end, the storm's destruction led to an **abrogation** (उन्मूलन) of old disputes and strengthened the community. The villagers learned that life's challenges, no matter how **arbitrary** (मनमाना) or harsh, could be overcome with unity and perseverance.

Story in Hindi

एक बार की बात है, उत्तराखंड की शांत पहाड़ियों में एक छोटा, मनोरम गाँव था। गाँव वाले अपनी लचीलेपन और प्रकृति के साथ सामंजस्य के लिए जाने जाते थे। पर एक भाग्यशाली वर्ष में, उन्हें एक अप्रत्याशित चुनौती का सामना करना पड़ा।

गाँव के ऊपर आसमान दो भागों में बँट गया था, एक तरफ घने बादल और दूसरी तरफ साफ आकाश। गाँव वाले पहले तो शांत रहे, अपने रोज़मर्रा के काम में लगे रहे। पर जैसे ही बादल इकट्ठा हुए, एक भयंकर तूफान आया, निरंतर बारिश और तेज़ हवाओं के साथ।

तूफान के प्रकोप ने कई घरों और खेतों को उजाड़ दिया, गाँव को क्षतिग्रस्त छोड़ दिया। हालांकि, गाँव वालों ने इसे उन्हें रोकने नहीं दिया। उन्होंने अपने घरों और जीवन को पुनर्निर्माण के लिए एकजुट होकर अजेय आत्मा का प्रदर्शन किया।

उनके प्रयासों ने पास के शहरों और कस्बों से **सहायता** आकर्षित की। यह मदद गाँव के **वंचित** वर्गों के लिए महत्वपूर्ण थी जो सबसे ज्यादा प्रभावित हुए थे। गाँव वालों की लचीलापन ने एक **स्पष्ट** आपदा को आशा और नवीकरण की कहानी में बदल दिया।

अंत में, तूफान की तबाही ने पुराने विवादों का **उन्मूलन** किया और समुदाय को मजबूत किया। गाँव वालों ने सीखा कि जीवन की चुनौतियाँ, चाहे वे कितनी भी **मनमानी** या कठोर क्यों न हों, एकजुटता और धैर्य के साथ पार की जा सकती हैं।

Practice Exercise

- 1. What does the verb "Bifurcate" primarily mean?**
 - A. To combine
 - B. To remain stable
 - C. To split
 - D. To enlarge
- 2. What does the term "Deter" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Encourage
 - B. Confuse
 - C. Prevent
 - D. Hurry
- 3. What does the term "Underprivileged" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Wealthy
 - B. Educated
 - C. Disadvantaged
 - D. Successful
- 4. What does the term "Abrogation" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Confirmation
 - B. Agreement
 - C. Repeal
 - D. Acceleration
- 5. What does the term "Arbitrary" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Planned
 - B. Logical
 - C. Random
 - D. Consistent
- 6. What does the term "Glaring" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Hidden
 - B. Dull
 - C. Obvious
 - D. Complicated
- 7. What does the term "Razed" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Built
 - B. Decorated
 - C. Demolished
 - D. Repaired
- 8. What does the term "Battered" primarily refer to?**
 - A. Strengthened
 - B. Unchanged
 - C. Damaged
 - D. Cleaned

9. What does the term "Unfazed" primarily refer to?

- A. Confused
- B. Anxious
- C. Unperturbed
- D. Excited

10. What does the term "Aid" primarily refer to?

- A. Challenge
- B. Obstacle
- C. Assistance
- D. Criticism

Answers

1. **C) To split**

"Bifurcate" means to divide into two branches or parts. The term suggests a splitting or branching off. Bifurcate "दो भागों में बँटना" also conveys the meaning of splitting into two parts.

2. **C) Prevent**

"Deter" means to discourage someone from doing something, typically by instilling doubt or fear of the consequences. Deter का मतलब होता है "रोकना," आमतौर पर किसी को कुछ करने से निरुत्साहित करके।

3. **C) Disadvantaged**

"Underprivileged" describes individuals who are disadvantaged, particularly in socioeconomic terms. Underprivileged का अर्थ होता है "वंचित," विशेष रूप से सामाजिक-आर्थिक दृष्टिकोण से।

4. **C) Repeal**

"Abrogation" is the act of repealing or doing away with a law, right, or formal agreement. एब्रोगेशन का मतलब होता है "Abrogation," यानी किसी कानून, अधिकार, या औपचारिक समझौते को रद्द करना।

5. **C) Random**

"Arbitrary" refers to something done at random or without clear reasoning, often based on personal whims. Arbitrary का अर्थ होता है "मनमाना," यानी बिना स्पष्ट कारण के या यादृच्छिक तरीके से किया गया कार्य।

6. **C) Obvious**

"G glaring" means strikingly obvious or conspicuous. Glaring का अर्थ है "स्पष्ट," यानी कुछ जो बहुत स्पष्ट या प्रत्यक्ष है।

7. **C) Demolished**

"Razed" refers to completely destroying a building or structure. Razed का मतलब है "उजड़ा हुआ," यानी किसी इमारत या संरचना को पूरी तरह से नष्ट करना।

8. **C) Damaged**

"Battered" describes something that has been damaged or worn out. Battered का अर्थ है "क्षतिग्रस्त," यानी कुछ जो क्षतिग्रस्त या पुराना हो गया है।

9. **C) Unperturbed**

"Unfazed" means not disconcerted or perturbed; remaining calm under pressure. Unfazed का मतलब है "शांत, बेफिक्र," यानी दबाव में भी शांत रहना।

10. **C) Assistance**

"Aid" refers to help or assistance, especially in the form of resources or support. Aid का अर्थ है "सहायता," विशेष रूप से संसाधनों या समर्थन के रूप में मदद।

