

English Madhyam

(Weekly vocabulary compilation)

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For all competitive Exams

Bank (Po & clerk), IB ACIO, NDA, CDS, SSC (CGL, MTS, CHSL), MBA, Hotel Management, MCA, UPSC,
B. Ed and other competitive exams.



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Contact No: 7722987077

Email id: Support@englishmadhyam.in

Telegram: [English Madhyam](https://t.me/English_Madhyam)

Website: www.englishmadhyam.info

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Part - A

The Hindu Editorial: Special relationship (29/07/2024)

1. **Consensus** (noun) – Agreement, harmony, concurrence, unanimity, accord सहमति
2. **Break up** (phrasal verb) – Disintegrate, dissolve, split, separate, fracture टूटना
3. **On the eve of** (phrase) – Just before, prior to, in anticipation of, on the brink of, in preparation for से पहले
4. **Evacuation** (noun) – Removal, withdrawal, exodus, departure, clearance निकासी
5. **Neighbourhood** (noun) – A surrounding or nearby region पड़ोसि
6. **Designated** (adjective) – Appointed, assigned, specified, named, nominated नामित
7. **Humanitarian** (adjective) – Compassionate, charitable, benevolent, philanthropic, humane मानवतावादी
8. **Address** (verb) – Speak to, talk to, deliver a speech to, give an address to, communicate to संबोधित करना
9. **Vast** (adjective) – Huge, immense, extensive, expansive, enormous विशाल
10. **Wound** (verb) – Injure, hurt, damage, harm, maim घायल करना
11. **Enclave** (noun) – Territory, region, area, zone, district क्षेत्र
12. **Displace** (verb) – Relocate, uproot, move, shift, expel विस्थापित करना
13. **Bomb** (verb) – Attack, strike, shell, hit, blast बम गिराना
14. **Besiege** (verb) – Surround, encircle, blockade, confine, trap घेरना
15. **Draw attention to** (phrase) – Highlight, emphasize, point out, bring to notice, underscore ध्यान आकर्षित करना
16. **Suffering** (noun) – Pain, distress, anguish, hardship, misery पीड़ा
17. **Epidemic** (noun) – Outbreak, plague, pandemic, widespread disease, contagion महामारी
18. **Call for** (phrasal verb) – Demand, require, request, ask for, appeal for मांग करना
19. **Ceasefire** (noun) – Truce, armistice, peace, suspension of hostilities, halt in fighting युद्धविराम
20. **Ruling** (noun) – Decision, judgment, verdict, decree, pronouncement निर्णय
21. **Hearing** (noun) – Trial, session, proceeding, examination, inquiry सुनवाई
22. **Genocide** (noun) – Mass murder, extermination, ethnic cleansing, massacre, holocaust जनसंहार

23. **Bother** (verb) – Disturb, trouble, annoy, worry, concern परेशान करना
24. **Lawmaker** (noun) – Legislator, politician, representative, congressman, parliamentarian विधायक
25. **Applaud** (verb) – Praise, commend, cheer, acclaim, clap प्रशंसा करना
26. **Throughout** (adverb) – During, all through, across, the entire time, in every part के दौरान
27. **Disastrous** (adjective) – Catastrophic, devastating, ruinous, calamitous, tragic विनाशकारी
28. **Trigger** (verb) – Cause, provoke, initiate, start, spark शुरू करना
29. **Take hostage** (phrase) – Kidnap, abduct, seize, capture, hold prisoner बंधक बनाना
30. **Captivity** (noun) – Imprisonment, confinement, detention, incarceration, bondage कैद
31. **Continuation** (noun) – Prolongation, persistence, perpetuation, extension, carrying on निरंतरता
32. **Voice** (verb) – Express, articulate, convey, state, declare व्यक्त करना
33. **Casualty** (noun) – Injury, fatality, victim, wounded, dead घायल व्यक्ति
34. **Verbal** (adjective) – Spoken, oral, expressed, articulated, vocal मौखिक
35. **Protestation** (noun) – Declaration, assertion, claim, statement, avowal विरोध
36. **Assistance** (noun) – Help, support, aid, backing, cooperation सहायता
37. **Underlying** (adjective) – Fundamental, basic, primary, essential, root आधारभूत
38. **Point to** (phrasal verb) – Indicate, signify, suggest, show, denote संकेत करना
39. **Criticism** (noun) – Disapproval, censure, critique, condemnation, rebuke आलोचना
40. **The Elite** (noun) – The privileged, the upper class, the high-ranking, the influential, the powerful अभिजात वर्ग
41. **Dissenting** (adjective) – Disagreeing, opposing, conflicting, differing, nonconforming असहमत
42. **Erode** (verb) – Undermine, weaken, deteriorate, diminish, corrode कम करना

The Hindu Editorial: Planning better (30/07/2024)

1. **Chair** (verb) – Preside over, lead, head, oversee, conduct अध्यक्षता करना
2. **Boycott** (verb) – Shun, avoid, reject, abstain from, spurn बहिष्कार करना
3. **Think tank** (noun) – a group of experts brought together to provide advice, suggestions and ideas on specific social, political and economic problems or issues सलाह देनेवाला विशेषज्ञ समूह
4. **Call into question** (phrase) – Challenge, doubt, dispute, criticize, cast doubt on सवाल उठाना
5. **Perceived** (adjective) – Apparent, seeming, supposed, believed, recognized माना जाता
6. **Allocation** (noun) – Distribution, allotment, assignment, apportionment, share आवंटन
7. **Boycott** (noun) – Protest, shunning, rejection, abstention, embargo बहिष्कार
8. **Walkout** (noun) – Strike, protest, demonstration, boycott, withdrawal विरोध में चले जाना
9. **Limit** (verb) – Restrict, confine, constrain, curb, cap सीमित करना
10. **Lead** (to) (verb) – Result in, cause, bring about, produce, trigger वजह बनना
11. **Disenchantment** (noun) – Disillusionment, disappointment, dissatisfaction, discontent, disenchantment असंतोष/ निराशा
12. **Constitute** (verb) – Form, establish, create, set up, organize गठित करना
13. **Do away with** (phrasal verb) – Abolish, eliminate, remove, discard, get rid of समाप्त करना
14. **Top-down approach** (noun) – a strategy in which the decision-making process occurs at the highest level and is then communicated to the rest of the team.
15. **Cooperative federalism** (noun) – a combination of cooperation and interdependence between the Centre and the States to ensure smooth governance of the country.
16. **Indices** (noun) – Indicators, measures, benchmarks, signs, metrics सूचकांक
17. **Evaluate** (verb) – Assess, appraise, judge, examine, rate मूल्यांकन करना
18. **Unintended** (adjective) – Unplanned, accidental, inadvertent, unforeseen, unintentional अनचाहा
19. **Competitive federalism** (noun) – a system in which the relationship between the state governments is horizontal and between center and state governments is vertical. States need to compete among themselves and also with the Centre for benefits.
20. **Unfettered** (adjective) – Unrestricted, unrestrained, free, unbound, unlimited निरंकुश
21. **Grant** (noun) – money that is given by the government, etc. for a particular purpose अनुदान

22. **In contrast** (noun) – Conversely, on the other hand, however, alternatively, whereas इसके विपरीत
23. **Detractor** (noun) – Critic, opponent, naysayer, faultfinder, adversary आलोचक
24. **Sought** (verb) – try, attempt, endeavour, strive प्रयास करना
25. **Seek** (verb) – to search for or try to obtain something. मांगना
26. **Double engine governments** (noun) – When the same party rules at the Centre and in a state
27. **Favour** (verb) – Prefer, support, endorse, back, promote पक्ष लेना
28. **Crucially** (adverb) – Essentially, importantly, vitally, significantly, critically महत्वपूर्ण रूप से
29. **Varying** (adjective) – Different, diverse, changing, fluctuating, inconsistent विविध
30. **Deficit** (noun) – Shortfall, shortage, insufficiency, lack, gap घाटा
31. **Address** (verb) – Tackle, deal with, handle, manage, resolve समाधान करना
32. **Irrespective of** (phrase) – Regardless of, despite, notwithstanding, no matter, without considering बिना ध्यान दिए
33. **Merit** (noun) – Value, worth, advantage, quality, benefit योग्यता
34. **Contention** (noun) – Argument, dispute, assertion, claim, debate विवाद
35. **Task** (with) (verb) – Assign, charge, entrust, delegate, designate कार्य सौंपना
36. **Horizontal imbalance** (noun) – It occurs when sub-national governments do not have the same capabilities in terms of raising funds from their tax bases to provide public services. This type of fiscal imbalance creates differences in net fiscal benefits, which are a combination of levels of taxation and public services.
37. **Macro-economic stability** (noun) – An economy with fairly constant output growth and low and stable inflation would be considered economically stable.
38. **Infrastructure** (noun) – Framework, foundation, system, base, groundwork बुनियादी ढांचा
39. **Capital investment** (noun) – the acquisition of physical assets by a company for use in furthering its long-term business goals and objectives.
40. **Backing** (noun) – Support, endorsement, assistance, sponsorship, aid समर्थन
41. **Re-envision** (verb) – Redesign, reimagine, rethink, replan, reinvent पुनः परिकल्पना करना

The Hindu Editorial: Human failure (31/07/2024)

1. **Preventable** (adjective) – Avoidable, stoppable, avertable, escapable, corrigible रोके जा सकने योग्य
2. **Lead** (to) (verb) – Result in, cause, bring about, produce, contribute to कारण बनना
3. **Feature** (noun) – Aspect, characteristic, attribute, component, element विशेषता
4. **Often** (adverb) – Frequently, regularly, commonly, repeatedly, usually अक्सर
5. **Ventilation** (noun) – Airflow, aeration, freshening, airing, circulation वायु-संचार
6. **Trap** (verb) – Confine, capture, ensnare, entrap, imprison फंसाना
7. **Mitigate** (verb) – Alleviate, reduce, lessen, diminish, ease कम करना
8. **In general** (phrase) – Generally, usually, typically, mostly, on the whole सामान्य रूप से
9. **Permit** (verb) – Allow, authorize, enable, sanction, grant अनुमति देना
10. **Habitation** (noun) – Dwelling, residence, occupancy, lodging, accommodation निवास
11. **Sanction** (verb) – Approve, authorize, permit, endorse, validate मंजूरी देना
12. **Interpretation** (noun) – Explanation, understanding, analysis, clarification, perception व्याख्या
13. **Byelaw** (noun) – Regulation, rule, ordinance, statute, guideline उपनियम
14. **Recognise** (verb) – Acknowledge, identify, appreciate, realize, discern पहचानना
15. **Urbanise** (verb) – Develop, modernize, expand, civilize, build up शहरीकरण करना
16. **Inevitable** (adjective) – Unavoidable, certain, inescapable, destined, inexorable अपरिहार्य
17. **Mandated** (adjective) – Instructed, delegated, assigned, required, commanded, directed, authorized आदेशित
18. **Explicitly** (adverb) – Clearly, plainly, specifically, unequivocally, distinctly स्पष्ट रूप से
19. **Statutory** (adjective) – Legal, regulatory, mandated, lawful, prescribed वैधानिक
20. **Renewal** (noun) – Extension, continuation, reissue, resumption, reinstatement नवीकरण
21. **Bribe** (noun) – Corruption, payoff, kickback, graft, inducement रिश्वत
22. **Infrastructure** (noun) – Framework, foundation, facilities, system, base बुनियादी ढांचा
23. **Burst** (with) (verb) – Overflow, explode, rupture, break, erupt फट पड़ना

24. **Topography** (noun) – Landscape, terrain, geography, contour, landform स्थलाकृति
25. **Haphazard** (adjective) – Random, disorganized, chaotic, aimless, unplanned अव्यवस्थित
26. **For instance** (phrase) – For example, such as, like, to illustrate, as an example उदाहरण के लिए
27. **Disrupt** (verb) – Disturb, interrupt, interfere with, break, unsettle बाधित करना
28. **Flood-resilient** (adjective) – Flood-proof, water-resistant, flood-tolerant, flood-defensive, flood-protected बाढ़-प्रतिरोधी
29. **Non-porous** (adjective) – Impermeable, waterproof, watertight, non-absorbent, sealed अपारगम्य
30. **Compound** (noun) – Enclosure, area, complex, premises, yard परिसर
31. **Valve** (noun) – a device in a pipe or tube which controls the flow of air, liquid or gas, letting it move in one direction only नल या नली का वॉल्व
32. **Plumbing line** (noun) – Water pipe, drainage system, pipeline, sewer line, water conduit पाइपलाइन
33. **Resilience** (noun) – Toughness, durability, strength, flexibility, adaptability मज़बूती

The Hindu Editorial: Impatience with jobs (01/08/2024)

1. **Impatience** (noun) – Restlessness, eagerness, anxiety, unease, agitation अधीरता
2. **Stress** (noun) – Emphasis, importance, focus, attention, significance जोर
3. **Pivot** (noun) – Central point, focal point, hub, core, axis केंद्र बिंदु
4. **Stance** (noun) – Position, viewpoint, attitude, perspective, standpoint रुख
5. **Frequency** (noun) – Regularity, occurrence, incidence, rate, repetition आवृत्ति
6. **Theme** (noun) – Subject, topic, motif, idea, focus विषय
7. **Facilitate** (verb) – Assist, help, aid, ease, promote सुगम बनाना
8. **Soothing** (adjective) – Calming, comforting, relaxing, alleviating, pacifying सुखदायक
9. **Proposed** (adjective) – Suggested, planned, recommended, intended, put forward प्रस्तावित
10. **Seek** (verb) – try, attempt, endeavour, effort, कोशिश करना
11. **Encourage** (verb) – Motivate, inspire, support, promote, foster प्रोत्साहित करना
12. **Entrant** (noun) – Newcomer, participant, candidate, applicant, competitor प्रवेशी
13. **Incentivise** (verb) – Motivate, encourage, stimulate, spur, promote प्रोत्साहित करना
14. **Scale up** (phrasal verb) – Increase, expand, enlarge, boost, amplify बढ़ाना
15. **Bridge the gap** (phrase) – Close the gap, reduce the difference, connect, link, reconcile अंतर को कम करना
16. **Skill set** (noun) – Abilities, competencies, expertise, talents, qualifications कौशल सेट
17. **Spruce-up** (noun) – Improvement, refurbishment, renovation, enhancement, upgrade सुधार
18. **In tandem with** (phrase) – Alongside, together with, in conjunction with, concurrently with, simultaneously with साथ साथ
19. **Ambitious** (adjective) – Aspiring, determined, driven, eager, enterprising महत्वाकांक्षी
20. **Flesh out** (phrasal verb) – Elaborate, develop, expand, detail, clarify विस्तृत करना
21. **Bear** (verb) – Carry, shoulder, sustain, endure, support वहन करना
22. **Stipend** (noun) – Allowance, payment, wage, salary, remuneration वेतन
23. **Voluntary** (adjective) – Optional, discretionary, non-compulsory, willing, chosen स्वैच्छिक
24. **Tap** (verb) – Utilize, exploit, harness, draw on, make use of उपयोग करना
25. **Corporate social responsibility** (noun) – the belief that businesses have a greater duty to society than just providing jobs and making profits

26. **Highlight** (verb) – Emphasize, underline, stress, focus on, spotlight जोर देना
27. **Mark** (verb) – Indicate, signify, denote, represent, show संकेत करना
28. **Acknowledgement** (noun) – Recognition, acceptance, admission, affirmation, confirmation स्वीकृति
29. **Paper over** (phrasal verb) – Cover up, conceal, hide, gloss over, disguise छुपाना
30. **Critique** (noun) – Analysis, assessment, evaluation, review, criticism समालोचना
31. **Barb** (noun) – Insult, criticism, dig, jibe, taunt ताना
32. **Capital-intensive** (adjective) – Investment-heavy, requiring significant investment, high-capital, finance-intensive पूंजी-गहन
33. **Catch up with** (phrase) – Equalize, reach the same level, keep pace with, match, get up to speed उसी स्तर तक पहुँचना
34. **Liberalised economy** (noun) – the reduction of government laws and restrictions in place to encourage greater participation by private entities.
35. **Disincentive** (noun) – Deterrent, discouragement, hindrance, obstacle, discouragement निरुत्साह
36. **Hands on deck** (phrase) – Workforce, labor force, personnel, employees, staff कार्यबल
37. **Distress** (noun) – Hardship, suffering, difficulty, trouble, adversity संकट
38. **Perhaps** (adverb) – Maybe, possibly, conceivably, probably, it could be संभवतः
39. **Acute** (adjective) – Severe, intense, critical, extreme, sharp तीव्र
40. **Informal sector** (noun) – Unregulated sector, unorganized sector, non-formal economy, casual sector, unstructured sector असंगठित क्षेत्र
41. **Account for** (phrasal verb) – Make up, constitute, represent, comprise, बनाना
42. **Take a hit** (phrase) – Suffer, be affected, endure a setback, face a loss, experience a decline नुकसान उठाना
43. **Successive** (adjective) – Consecutive, sequential, continuous, in a row, uninterrupted लगातार
44. **Rollout** (noun) – Launch, implementation, introduction, deployment, unveiling प्रारंभ
45. **Spur** (verb) – Encourage, stimulate, prompt, drive, boost प्रोत्साहित करना
46. **Term** (verb) – Call, name, label, describe, designate कहना
47. **Structural** (adjective) – Foundational, fundamental, systemic, underlying, intrinsic संरचनात्मक
48. **Potential** (noun) – Capability, possibility, capacity, prospect, promise क्षमता
49. **Nudge** (verb) – Encourage, prod, prompt, stimulate, push धक्का देना

50. **Margin** (noun) – Relating to or resulting from small or incremental changes or adjustments to a variable or decision, often used in economic contexts to evaluate the impact of marginal changes.
51. **Outlook** (noun) – Perspective, view, forecast, prediction, expectation दृष्टिकोण
52. **Expeditiously** (adverb) – Quickly, promptly, efficiently, speedily, swiftly शीघ्रता से
53. **Foster** (verb) – Encourage, promote, nurture, support, cultivate बढ़ावा देना
54. **Trigger** (verb) – Initiate, cause, prompt, set off, activate शुरू करना
55. **Avail** (verb) – Use, utilize, take advantage of, employ, benefit from उपयोग करना

The Hindu Editorial: Unnatural disaster (02/08/2024)

1. **Restore** (verb) – Repair, reinstate, rejuvenate, refurbish, renew पुनर्स्थापित करना
2. **Denuded** (adjective) – Stripped, bare, exposed, uncovered, depleted उजाड़
3. **Flora** (noun) – Vegetation, plant life, greenery, botany, foliage वनस्पति
4. **Rehabilitate** (verb) – Restore, reintegrate, reestablish, renew, rebuild पुनर्वास करना
5. **Vulnerable** (adjective) – Susceptible, exposed, defenseless, sensitive, weak असुरक्षित
6. **Encourage** (verb) – Inspire, motivate, stimulate, support, promote प्रोत्साहित करना
7. **Unprecedented** (adjective) – Unmatched, unparalleled, exceptional, extraordinary, unique अभूतपूर्व
8. **Precipitate** (verb) – Cause, trigger, hasten, accelerate, provoke उत्पन्न करना
9. **Magnitude** (noun) – Scale, size, extent, dimension, degree मात्रा
10. **Calamitous** (adjective) – Disastrous, catastrophic, devastating, ruinous, tragic आपदाजनक
11. **Bear the brunt** (of) (phrase) – Suffer the worst part, endure the impact, take the full force, experience the major part, withstand the worst खामियाजा भुगतना
12. **Deadly** (adjective) – Fatal, lethal, mortal, life-threatening, dangerous घातक
13. **Trigger** (verb) – Activate, initiate, spark, prompt, provoke शुरू करना
14. **Laid waste to** (phrase) – Devastated, destroyed, ravaged, ruined, wrecked बर्बाद कर देना
15. **Incentivise** (verb) – Motivate, encourage, stimulate, spur, promote प्रेरित करना
16. **Infrastructure** (noun) – Framework, foundation, system, base, structure आधारभूत संरचना
17. **Spring** (verb) – Emerge, arise, originate, come forth, emanate उत्पन्न होना
18. **Sheer** (adjective) – Steep, abrupt, sharp, vertical, precipitous खड़ा
19. **Sweep** (verb) – Brush, clean, clear, scour, move quickly साफ करना
20. **Sediment** (noun) – Deposits, residue, silt, particles, debris तलछट
21. **Downstream** (adverb) – Downriver, with the current, following the flow, downwards, below धारा के साथ
22. **Sweep up** (phrasal verb) – Gather, collect, pick up, remove, clean up इकट्ठा करना
23. **Debris** (noun) – Rubble, wreckage, fragments, remains, litter मलबा
24. **Compound** (verb) – Intensify, exacerbate, worsen, aggravate, add to बढ़ाना
25. **Strip** (of) (verb) – Remove, take away, deprive, divest, clear हटा देना
26. **Swath** (noun) – Band, strip, area, belt, stretch विशाल क्षेत्र

27. **Upstream** (adjective) – Against the current, upriver, towards the source, higher up, above धारा के विपरीत
28. **Humus** (noun) – a substance made from dead leaves and plants, that you put into the ground to help plants grow
29. **Displaced** (adjective) – Uprooted, removed, relocated, dislodged, evacuated विस्थापित
30. **Peculiarity** (noun) – Uniqueness, distinctiveness, oddity, characteristic, feature विशेषता
31. **Landslide-prone** (adjective) – Susceptible to landslides, vulnerable, at risk, predisposed, likely भू-स्खलन के प्रति संवेदनशील
32. **Evident** (adjective) – Obvious, clear, apparent, noticeable, conspicuous स्पष्ट
33. **Feature** (verb) – Include, present, highlight, display, showcase शामिल करना
34. **Prominently** (adverb) – Noticeably, conspicuously, visibly, importantly, strikingly प्रमुखता से
35. **Recurrence** (noun) – Reappearance, return, repetition, relapse, reoccurrence पुनरावृत्ति
36. **Caught off-guard** (phrase) – Surprised, unprepared, taken aback, shocked, astonished आश्चर्यचकित
37. **Recurring** (adjective) – Repeating, continual, ongoing, repetitive, persistent बार-बार होने वाला
38. **Abject** (adjective) – Miserable, wretched, hopeless, pitiable, deplorable अत्यंत निम्न
39. **Preparedness** (noun) – Readiness, alertness, preparation, vigilance, awareness तैयारी
40. **Fragile** (adjective) – Delicate, weak, brittle, vulnerable, breakable नाज़ुक
41. **Burst** (noun) – Explosion, outbreak, surge, eruption, blast विस्फोट
42. **Intense** (adjective) – Extreme, strong, severe, powerful, fierce तीव्र
43. **Result in** (phrasal verb) – Lead to, cause, bring about, produce, create के परिणामस्वरूप
44. **Dislodge** (verb) – Remove, eject, extricate, oust, displace हटाना
45. **Quarrying** (noun) – Excavation, mining, extraction, digging, removal खनन
46. **Monocropping** (noun) – Single crop farming, single-crop agriculture, continuous cropping, one-crop cultivation एक फसल की खेती
47. **Compromise** (verb) – Undermine, weaken, impair, damage, jeopardize कमजोर करना
48. **Ecosystem** (noun) – Environment, habitat, biome, ecological community पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र
49. **Cope with** (phrasal verb) – Manage, deal with, handle, tackle, address सामना करना
50. **Ecologically** (adverb) – Environmentally, greenly, sustainably, naturally पारिस्थितिक रूप से
51. **Empower** (verb) – Enable, authorize, permit, equip, strengthen सशक्त करना
52. **Deliberate** (adjective) – Intentional, planned, calculated, purposeful, premeditated जानबूझकर
53. **Feasibility** (noun) – Viability, practicality, possibility, achievability, workability व्यवहार्यता

54. **Indeed** (adverb) – Certainly, truly, undoubtedly, actually, really वास्तव में

55. **Tame** (verb) – Control, restrain, subdue, curb, moderate काबू करना

56. **Dent** (verb) – Damage, harm, diminish, reduce, impair क्षति पहुँचाना

57. **Slide** (verb) – Slip, glide, move, shift, coast फिसलना

58. **Past** (adjective) – Former, previous, earlier, prior, preceding पूर्व

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1. **Gatekeeping** (noun) – Control, regulation, supervision, oversight, management नियंत्रण
2. **Critical** (adjective) – Crucial, vital, essential, significant, indispensable महत्वपूर्ण
3. **Reportedly** (adverb) – Allegedly, supposedly, purportedly, ostensibly, reputedly कथित रूप से
4. **Closed-door** (adjective) – Private, secretive, confidential, exclusive, restricted गोपनीय
5. **Subsequent** (adjective) – Following, ensuing, succeeding, later, successive बाद का
6. **Stakeholder** (noun) – An individual, group, or organization with an interest or concern in a business or project हितधारक
7. **Confidentiality** (noun) – Secrecy, privacy, discretion, confidentiality, non-disclosure गोपनीयता
8. **Watermark** (noun) – A design or text incorporated into a paper or digital document to identify the maker or owner
9. **Integral** (adjective) – Essential, fundamental, indispensable, necessary, inherent अभिन्न
10. **Extensive** (adjective) – Comprehensive, wide-ranging, broad, thorough, exhaustive व्यापक
11. **Outreach** (noun) – Expansion, extension, reach, community service, engagement संपर्क
12. **Insist (on)** (verb) – Demand, assert, persist, maintain, require जोर देना
13. **Withhold** (verb) – Refuse, retain, reserve, suppress, conceal रोकना
14. **Comprehensive** (adjective) – Inclusive, complete, all-encompassing, detailed, thorough व्यापक
15. **Framework** (noun) – Structure, system, outline, foundation, skeleton ढांचा
16. **Have a chilling effect** (phrase) – To discourage or inhibit a behavior or action, often through fear or uncertainty हतोत्साहित करना
17. **Discourage** (verb) – Deter, dissuade, inhibit, hinder, demotivate हतोत्साहित करना
18. **Span** (verb) – Extend, range, cover, bridge, stretch फैलाव
19. **Evident** (adjective) – Obvious, clear, apparent, noticeable, manifest स्पष्ट
20. **For instance** (phrase) – For example, such as, to illustrate, for case उदाहरण के लिए
21. **Tone down** (phrasal verb) – Moderate, soften, reduce, lessen, mitigate कम करना
22. **Cast in that light** (phrase) – To perceive or interpret something in a particular way उस संदर्भ में देखना
23. **Omission** (noun) – Exclusion, neglect, oversight, omission, failure चूक
24. **Sin of omission** (phrase) – A failure to act or a neglect of duty through inaction
25. **Deliberate** (adjective) – Intentional, planned, premeditated, calculated, conscious जानबूझकर
26. **Alarm** (noun) – Concern, fear, apprehension, unease, anxiety चेतावनी

27. **Established** (adjective) – Recognized, settled, well-known, accepted, traditional स्थापित
28. **Coincide** (with) (verb) – Correspond, concur, align, match, synchronize मेल खाना
29. **Commentator** (noun) – Analyst, critic, pundit, reviewer, observer टिप्पणीकार
30. **Let** (verb) – Allow, permit, enable, grant, authorize होने देना
31. **Sincerity** (noun) – Honesty, genuineness, authenticity, truthfulness, integrity ईमानदारी
32. **Suspect** (verb) – Doubt, question, mistrust, distrust, surmise संदेह करना
33. **Cease** (verb) – Stop, discontinue, halt, terminate, end रोकना
34. **Unfussy** (adjective) – Simple, straightforward, uncomplicated, plain, unadorned सरल
35. **Diminish** (verb) – Reduce, decrease, lessen, weaken, abate कम करना
36. **Intent** (noun) – Purpose, aim, goal, objective, plan उद्देश्य
37. **Constrain** (verb) – Restrict, limit, restrain, confine, curb प्रतिबंधित करना
38. **Course of action** (noun) – Plan, strategy, approach, procedure, method कार्य योजना
39. **Diverse** (adjective) – Varied, different, assorted, manifold, heterogeneous विविध
40. **Hurried** (adjective) – Rushed, hasty, rapid, swift, expedited जल्दीबाजी
41. **End up** (phrasal verb) – Result, conclude, finish, culminate, become अंततः
42. **Beget** (verb) – Cause, produce, create, generate, result in उत्पन्न करना
43. **Flawed** (adjective) – Imperfect, faulty, defective, erroneous, unsound त्रुटिपूर्ण
44. **Legislation** (noun) – Laws, statutes, regulations, acts, ordinances कानून