

Crash and burn: On the Air India Ahmedabad plane crash and Indian aviation

India's **aviation** sector needs to **address** safety concerns

The first **hull loss** of the 'Dreamliner', one of aviation's most advanced **twin-aisle aircraft**, **is** one that is **unsettling**, **more so** when there have been recent examples of **survivability** in modern widebody jets. The tragic **end** to Air India flight AI171, on June 12, 2025 — there was one surviving passenger — just minutes after its **liftoff** from Ahmedabad for London Gatwick, and it touched a recorded barometric altitude of 625 feet, **will** be under much global **scrutiny**. **That** the **crew** were faced with a sudden and sharp **turn of events** on the 11-plus-year-old Boeing 787-8, a plane with **ample avionics redundancy**, and reliable twin engines — the GENx-1B67, rated at 67,000 lbs of thrust each — **has** led to much **speculation** about the cause. Experts have suggested reasons such as issues with load planning, **ambient** air temperature and engine performance, wing surface **settings**, and even a bird hit. **Inducted** by Air India during its government-owned days, as part of a 68-aircraft deal signed with Boeing in 2006, the subfleet of 787-8s has played a role in its medium to **long-haul** network expansion to Europe, the Far East and Australia. The plane's global safety record has been strong **in general**, but it has also been an aircraft type that has raised some concerns. These have included assembly-line quality control, '**whistle-blower**' statements, engine icing problems that **resulted in** a safety **directive**, a lithium aerospace battery-related electrical system issue that led to extensive world-wide **groundings**, an emergency locator transmitter battery fire that caused heat damage, and, in 2024, an in-flight **upset** that was linked to a feature in the flight **deck** crew seat.

All eyes will be on how the airline's **new owner**, Tata Sons (with a 25.1% shareholding by Singapore Airlines Limited), **steers** its operations and addresses safety concerns after an '**unprecedented**' four-airline merger. The group is in the middle of **executing** Vihaan.AI, the airline's 'transformational **roadmap** over five years', with the appointment of a 'head of group safety, security and quality' **integral** to this. **In parallel**, the airline has also faced scrutiny by India's civil aviation regulatory body, the Directorate General of Civil Aviation. With a formal investigation, that includes international participation, having been initiated, **in keeping with** aviation protocols, the **complexities** that a first-time 787 crash analysis could **throw up** should be **ironed out**. At the 81st International Air Transport Association annual general meeting and World Air Transport Summit in New Delhi last week, India was recognised to be one of the largest aviation markets. However, its rapidly expanding aviation sector needs to address the challenges, which include safety, on the ground and in the air.

- Red/blue coloring of words in the sentence indicates subject verb relationship; where 'red' denotes 'subject' and 'blue' denotes 'verb'.

[Practice Exercise]

Vocabulary

1. **Aviation** (noun) – aeronautics, air travel, flight, aircraft industry, flying विमानन
2. **Address** (verb) – deal with, tackle, handle, respond to, attend to निपटना
3. **Hull loss** (noun) – an accident where an aircraft is damaged beyond economical repair विमान का पूर्ण नष्ट होना
4. **Twin-aisle aircraft** (noun) – an airplane with a fuselage wide enough to accommodate two aisles in the passenger cabin दो गलियारों वाला विमान
5. **Unsettling** (adjective) – disturbing, troubling, disconcerting, worrying, alarming बेचैन करने वाला
6. **More so** (phrase) – especially, even more, to a greater extent, particularly, additionally और भी अधिक
7. **Survivability** (noun) – chance of survival, endurance, sustainability, resilience, viability जीवित रहने की क्षमता
8. **Liftoff** (noun) – takeoff, ascent, launch, departure, lift उड़ान भरना
9. **Scrutiny** (noun) – examination, inspection, analysis, investigation, review जांच
10. **Crew** (noun) – flight staff, personnel, team, operators, attendants चालक दल
11. **Turn of event** (phrase) – sudden change, twist, development, incident, shift घटनाक्रम
12. **Ample** (adjective) – sufficient, plentiful, abundant, adequate, enough भरपूर
13. **Avionic** (noun) – aircraft electronics, navigation systems, cockpit systems, flight electronics, electronic instruments विमान इलेक्ट्रॉनिक प्रणाली
14. **Redundancy** (noun) – backup, duplication, surplus, reserve, fail-safe अतिरिक्त व्यवस्था
15. **Speculation** (noun) – guesswork, theory, assumption, conjecture, hypothesis अनुमान / अटकल
16. **Ambient** (adjective) – surrounding, atmospheric, external, environmental, encompassing परिवेशीय
17. **Setting** (noun) – configuration, arrangement, adjustment, position, calibration सेटिंग / विन्यास
18. **Induct** (verb) – introduce, appoint, install, enlist, bring in नियुक्त करना / शामिल करना
19. **Long-haul** (adjective) – long-distance, extended, international, transcontinental, far-reaching लंबी दूरी की यात्रा

20. **In general** (phrase) – overall, broadly, generally, typically, on the whole
सामान्यतः
21. **Whistle-blower** (noun) – informer, leak, complainant, exposé, insider alerting to wrongdoing अनियमितताओं की सूचना देने वाला
22. **Result in** (phrase) – lead to, cause, bring about, produce, culminate in परिणामस्वरूप होना
23. **Directive** (noun) – order, instruction, mandate, guideline, command निर्देश
24. **Grounding** (noun) – suspension, halt, immobilization, prohibition from flying, stay रोक / उड़ान निषेध
25. **Upset** (noun) – disturbance, instability, disruption, irregularity, mishap गड़बड़ी
26. **Deck** (noun) – cockpit floor, control panel, platform, control area, operating board विमान नियंत्रण कक्ष
27. **Steer** (verb) – guide, direct, navigate, control, manage मार्गदर्शन करना
28. **Unprecedented** (adjective) – never seen before, extraordinary, unparalleled, unmatched, exceptional अभूतपूर्व
29. **Execute** (verb) – implement, carry out, enforce, perform, accomplish क्रियान्वित करना
30. **Roadmap** (noun) – plan, blueprint, strategy, guideline, outline कार्य योजना
31. **Integral** (adjective) – essential, necessary, key, fundamental, crucial आवश्यक / अभिन्न
32. **In parallel** (phrase) – simultaneously, concurrently, side by side, together, at the same time साथ-साथ
33. **In keeping with** (phrase) – in accordance with, aligned with, consistent with, as per, following के अनुसार
34. **Complexity** (noun) – complication, intricacy, difficulty, sophistication, entanglement जटिलता
35. **Throw up** (phrasal verb) – generate, bring up, raise, reveal, present उत्पन्न करना
36. **Iron out** (phrasal verb) – resolve, settle, clear up, smooth out, work through सुलझाना / स्पष्ट करना

Summary of the Editorial

1. Air India flight AI171 crashed shortly after takeoff from Ahmedabad to London on June 12, 2025, resulting in a tragic loss of life with only one survivor.
2. The crash marked the first hull loss of a Boeing 787 Dreamliner, a technologically advanced widebody aircraft known for its safety.
3. The aircraft reached only 625 feet of altitude before the crash, raising major safety concerns and global scrutiny.
4. The Boeing 787-8 involved was over 11 years old and had reliable twin GEnx-1B67 engines, making the crash particularly troubling.
5. Possible causes being speculated include load planning errors, high ambient temperatures, engine or wing issues, and a potential bird strike.
6. The Dreamliner subfleet was inducted into Air India during its government ownership phase under a 2006 deal with Boeing.
7. Despite a generally good global safety record, the Boeing 787 has faced past issues like assembly defects, battery fires, and engine icing.
8. A 2024 in-flight incident linked to a flight deck seat issue adds to the history of concerns with this aircraft model.
9. The crash poses a serious test for Tata Sons, which now owns Air India in partnership with Singapore Airlines (25.1%).
10. Tata is implementing the Vihaan.AI transformation plan, which includes appointing a head of safety, security, and quality.
11. The Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA) has placed Air India under heightened scrutiny amid safety concerns.
12. An international investigation into the crash has begun, as per global aviation protocol, to uncover the precise cause.
13. The analysis may be complex as it's the first major crash involving a Boeing 787, requiring thorough technical review.
14. At the recent IATA annual meeting in Delhi, India was recognized as a fast-growing aviation market.
15. The editorial underscores that India's aviation sector must urgently prioritize both air and ground safety to match its rapid growth.

Practice Exercise: SSC Pattern Based**[Editorial Page]**

1. **What is the tone of the passage?**
 - A. Celebratory
 - B. Cautiously analytical
 - C. Sarcastic
 - D. Indifferent
2. **What is the main theme of the passage?**
 - A. The history of Air India's aircraft purchases
 - B. Air India's merger and partnership with Singapore Airlines
 - C. Concerns over aviation safety in India following the Air India Dreamliner crash
 - D. Technological innovations in Boeing aircraft
3. **What significant change is currently happening at Air India as mentioned in the passage?**
 - A. It is undergoing a transformation plan called Vihaan.AI
 - B. It is preparing to retire all Boeing 787-8 aircraft
 - C. It has decided to discontinue international routes
 - D. It has sold its ownership to the Indian Government
4. **Based on the passage, which of the following best describes the writer's view on the Boeing 787-8 aircraft?**
 - A. The aircraft has a flawless safety record globally
 - B. The aircraft is technologically outdated and inefficient
 - C. The aircraft is advanced but has had several notable issues
 - D. The aircraft is unsafe and should be grounded permanently
5. **Which of the following statements is accurately supported by the data given in the passage?**
 - A. The Boeing 787-8 involved in the crash was over 15 years old
 - B. Each engine on the Boeing 787-8 used by AI171 is rated at over 70,000 lbs of thrust
 - C. Tata Sons has a 50% ownership stake in Air India
 - D. The barometric altitude reached by the flight before the crash was 625 feet
6. **Select the grammatically correct sentence.**
 - A. The Supriya is the best girl in the class.
 - B. Supriya is the best girl in the class.
 - C. Supriya is best girl in the class.
 - D. The Supriya is a best girl in the class
 - A. C
 - B. A
 - C. D
 - D. B
7. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.**

You are the _____ to the throne and should behave in such a manner.

 - A. hair

- B. here
C. hare
D. heir
8. **Select the option that expresses the given sentence in active voice.**
Pudding had already been prepared by her.
A. She has already prepared pudding.
B. She had already prepared pudding.
C. She have already prepared pudding.
D. She will prepare pudding.
9. **Describe how you will tell your parents that Darshana was laughed at by all her classmates in active voice.**
A. All her classmates laughed at Darshana.
B. All her classmates laughing at Darshana.
C. Darshana is laughed at by all her classmates.
D. All her classmates will been laugh at Darshana.
10. **Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.**
A. "Well, you can't make me", she said, looking back at me.
B. She went on, "Well, you might try", I responded, and she laughed.
C. She came in and we said hello, then she just looked at me and said, "What do you want?" McKechnie remembered.
D. "Well, I want you to grin and seem pleased", I added.
A. ACBD
B. DCBA
C. BCDA
D. CDAB
11. **Sentences of a paragraph are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the sentences in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent paragraph.**
A. After examining these three approaches carefully I crossed the bridge and examined the Kedarnath pilgrim road for half a mile.
B. There were three approaches to the bridge; one from the north, one from the south and between these two a well-beaten footpath from the Rudraprayag bazaar.
C. Satisfied that the leopard had not crossed the river, I determined to put in operation my plan for closing the two bridges at night and thus confining the leopard to my side of the river.
D. Next, I examined the footpath on which three nights previously my goat had been killed.
A. DABC
B. CDAB
C. ABCD
D. BADC
12. Select the most appropriate **ANTONYM** of the underlined word.
The patient found the doctor to be obtuse and distracted by constant calls on his phone.

- A. astute
B. obese
C. banal
D. obsolete
13. **Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.**
He was so curious that he rose many questions in the meeting.
A. that he raised many questions
B. that he rose much questions
C. that he aroused many questions
D. No substitution
14. **Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence.**
Carolina opened a savings account to save money for later.
A. for a cold day
B. for a rainy day
C. for a sunny day
D. For a hot day
15. **Select the most appropriate one-word substitution of the given group of words.**
A similarity between like features of two things, on which a comparison may be based.
A. Analogy
B. Amalgamation
C. Apathy
D. Ambiguity
16. **Select the most appropriate meaning of the underlined idiom.**
Do not beat about the bush when you have anything to say.
A. To try to influence
B. To shift blame on others
C. To argue
D. To avoid giving a definite answer or position
17. **Select the INCORRECTLY spelt word.**
A. Astute
B. Absolute
C. Abrupt
D. Abendance
18. **Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.**
The money paid to former wife, husband or partner when the marriage is ended.
A. Alimony
B. Compensation
C. Recompense
D. Maintenance
19. **Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.**

A group of people travelling together in a van

- A. Gypsies
- B. Caravan
- C. Brood
- D. Constellation

20. **Parts of the following sentence have been given as options. Select the option that contains an error.**

I think Jeremy will not/ have save enough money / by the time / the year ends.

- A. the year ends
- B. have save enough money
- C. by the time
- D. I think Jeremy will not

Comprehension:

In the following passage, some words have been deleted. Read the passage carefully and select the most appropriate option to fill in each blank.

The (1) _____ of birds is one of the most fascinating aspects of the natural world. From the soaring flight of eagles to the colourful plumage of parrots, birds have evolved a wide range of (2) _____ to survive and thrive in their environments. One of the most remarkable adaptations is the ability of some birds to migrate over vast distances, often crossing oceans and continents to reach their breeding or wintering grounds. However, many species of birds are facing threats to their survival, such as habitat loss, climate change and (3) _____ by humans. In response, conservation efforts have been put in place to protect these birds and their habitats. This might involve creating protected areas, restoring degraded habitats or reducing the use of pesticides and other harmful chemicals. Another important aspect of bird conservation is (4) _____ populations to track changes over time and identify emerging threats. This can be done through citizen science programmes or through more intensive efforts led by conservation organisations. Ultimately, protecting birds and their habitats is not only important for the birds themselves but also for the broader ecosystems they are a part of, and the many benefits these ecosystems provide to humans, such as clean air and water, and (5) _____ opportunities.

21. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 1.**

- A. assortment
- B. variability
- C. multitude
- D. diversity

22. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 2.**

- A. failures
- B. strategies
- C. shortcomings
- D. weakness

23. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 3.**

- A. safeguarding

- B. preservation
- C. exploitation
- D. migration

24. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 4.**

- A. neglecting
- B. monitoring
- C. overlooking
- D. forgetting

25. **Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank no. 5.**

- A. arduous
- B. recreational
- C. work-related
- D. strenuous

Answers

1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. D 6. D 7. D 8. B 9. A 10. D 11.D 12.A
 13. A 14. B 15. A 16. D 17. D 18. A 19. B 20. B 21. D 22. B 23. C 24. B
 25. B

[\[Practice Exercise\]](#)

Explanations

1. B) Cautiously analytical

The passage presents careful examination of the technical details, speculations, and potential causes of the Air India crash. It also reflects concern over aviation safety and future implications, showing a serious, analytical tone without exaggeration or emotion.

A: Incorrect because the tone is somber and serious, discussing a tragic plane crash, not a cause for celebration.

C: Incorrect; the passage does not use irony or mockery. It is formal and fact-based.

D: Incorrect because the tone is deeply engaged, showing concern for aviation safety and detailing implications.

2. C) Concerns over aviation safety in India following the Air India Dreamliner crash

The passage revolves around the tragic crash, raises questions of safety, examines technical factors, regulatory scrutiny, and the airline's future direction — all pointing to a central theme of aviation safety and accountability.

A. The history of Air India's aircraft purchases – Incorrect; this is only briefly mentioned for context, not the focus.

B. Air India's merger and partnership with Singapore Airlines – Incorrect; it's a supporting detail, not the central theme.

D. Technological innovations in Boeing aircraft – Incorrect; while tech features are mentioned, the tone is critical, not about innovation praise.

3. A) It is undergoing a transformation plan called Vihaan.AI

The passage mentions: "The group is in the middle of executing Vihaan.AI, the airline's 'transformational roadmap over five years'.

B: No mention of retiring Boeing 787-8s, only that the crash is under investigation.

C: International routes are part of their expansion, not being discontinued.

D: Air India is now owned by Tata Sons, not the government.

4. C) The aircraft is advanced but has had several notable issues

The passage describes the Boeing 787-8 as "one of aviation's most advanced twin-aisle aircraft", but also lists several problems: battery fire, engine icing, whistle-blower issues, etc.

A: The passage clearly notes safety concerns and incidents.

B: It is described as technologically advanced, not outdated.

D: The passage calls for investigation, not a grounding.

5. D) The barometric altitude reached by the flight before the crash was 625 feet

The passage states: "...and it touched a recorded barometric altitude of 625 feet..."

A: The aircraft was "11-plus years old", not 15.

B: The engine thrust is specified as "67,000 lbs", not over 70,000.

C: Tata Sons owns Air India, but Singapore Airlines has a 25.1% share, so Tata's share is less than 100%, not 50% alone.

6. D) **Supriya is the best girl in the class.** वाक्य grammatically रूप से सही है, क्योंकि यहाँ 'the' का प्रयोग 'best' के साथ के आएगा क्योंकि 'Superlative degree of adjective' के साथ article 'The' का प्रयोग होता है!; इसके अलावा, Article 'The' Supriya के साथ नहीं आएगा क्योंकि 'Supriya' एक विशिष्ट व्यक्ति नहीं है!

Supriya is the best girl in the class.' is the grammatically correct sentence because here 'the' is used with 'best', which denotes specificity; Like — He is the best player in the team.

7. D) **'heir'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि पूरे संदर्भ में, sentence राजसी उत्तराधिकारी के बारे में चर्चा कर रहा है। "You are theto the throne and should behave in such a manner" के माध्यम से, व्यक्ति के राजसी उत्तराधिकारी होने का संकेत किया जा रहा है, और इस संदर्भ में "heir" वर्धी विकल्प होगा जो उत्तराधिकारी का तात्पर्य रखता है। इसलिए, "heir" सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प होगा।

'Heir' should be used because in the entire context, the sentence is discussing the royal successor. Through "You are theto the throne and should behave in such a manner", it is indicating the person's position as a royal successor, and in this context, "heir" is the only option that conveys the meaning of a successor. Thus, "heir" would be the most appropriate choice.

8. B) She had already prepared pudding
9. A) All her classmates laughed at Darshana.
10. D) **CDAB**

She came in and we said hello, then she just looked at me and said, "What do you want?" McKechnie remembered. "Well, I want you to grin and seem pleased", I added. "Well, you can't make me", she said, looking back at me. She went on, "Well, you might try", I responded, and she laughed.

11. D) **BADC**

There were three approaches to the bridge; one from the north, one from the south and between these two a well-beaten footpath from the Rudraprayag bazaar. After examining these three approaches carefully I crossed the bridge and examined the Kedarnath pilgrim road for half a mile. Next, I examined the footpath on which three nights previously my goat had been killed. Satisfied that the leopard had not crossed the river, I determined to put in operation my plan for closing the two bridges at night and thus confining the leopard to my side of the river.

12. A) **Obtuse** (adjective) – Lacking sharpness or quickness of sensibility or intellect; insensitive, dull, slow-witted. मंदबुद्धि/ बेअकल
Antonym: **Astute** (adjective) – Having or showing an ability to accurately assess situations or people and turn this to one's advantage; shrewd, clever, intelligent. चतुर
- **Obese** (adjective) – Having an excess amount of body fat; overweight, plump, fat. मोटा
 - **Banal** (adjective) – So lacking in originality as to be obvious and boring; trite, hackneyed, clichéd. घिसा-पिटा
 - **Obsolete** (adjective) – No longer produced or used; out of date, outdated, outmoded. पुराना
13. A) 'that he raised many questions' का चयन किया जाएगा क्योंकि यहाँ "rise" का सही रूप "raise" होगा जो "सवाल उठाना" का तात्पर्य रखता है, जबकि "rise" का अर्थ होता है "उठ जाना"; जैसे— The sun rises in the east.
- 'that he raised many questions' will be selected because here the correct form of "rise" is "raise" which means "to pose questions," whereas "rise" means "to ascend"; Like— The sun rises in the east.
14. B) 'for a rainy day' का चयन किया जाएगा क्योंकि यह एक प्रसिद्ध मुहावरा है जो भविष्य में किसी आपत्ति या कठिनाई के समय के लिए पैसे बचाने का संकेत देता है।
- 'for a rainy day' will be used because it is a well-known idiom that signifies saving money for a future difficulty or emergency; Like— A person has saved money for their bad times.
15. A) **Analogy** (noun) – A similarity between like features of two things, on which a comparison may be based. सादृश्य
- **Amalgamation** (noun) – The action, process, or result of combining or uniting. समामेलन
 - **Apathy** (noun) – Lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern. उदासीनता
 - **Ambiguity** (noun) – Uncertainty or inexactness of meaning in language. अस्पष्टता
16. D) **Beat about the bush** (phrase) – To avoid giving a definite answer or position घुमा फिराकर बात करना
17. D) The INCORRECTLY spelt word is 'Abendance'. The correct spelling is 'Abundance' which means "a very large quantity of something" अधिक मात्रा, प्रचुरता.
18. A) **Alimony** (noun) – The money paid to a former spouse for support after separation or divorce. निर्वाह निधि

- **Compensation** (noun) – Something awarded to someone in recognition of loss, suffering, or injury. मुआवजा
 - **Recompense** (noun) – Payment or reward given for loss or harm suffered or effort made. पुरस्कार
 - **Maintenance** (noun) – The process of maintaining or preserving someone or something, or the state of being maintained. रखरखाव
19. B) **Caravan** (noun) – A group of people traveling together, often on a long journey, typically in a line of vehicles. काफिला
- **Gypsies** (noun) – A traditionally itinerant ethnic group; not specifically denoting a group of people traveling in a van. जिप्सी
 - **Brood** (noun) – A family of young animals, especially birds; metaphorically used for children. बच्चे
 - **Constellation** (noun) – A group of stars forming a recognizable pattern; not related to a group of people traveling together. तारासमूह
20. B) 'have save' के बदले 'have saved' का प्रयोग होगा, क्योंकि यहाँ 'will' के साथ 'have' का प्रयोग हो रहा है, तो verb की third form का प्रयोग होना चाहिए; जैसे— He will have completed the project by the time the deadline arrives.
- 'have saved' will be used instead of 'have save' because when 'will' is used with 'have', the third form of the verb should be used; Like— He will have completed the project by the time the deadline arrives.
21. D) 'Diversity' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि 'diversity' का अर्थ होता है विविधता जो यहाँ पक्षियों की विभिन्न प्रकार की उड़ान और रंग-बिरंगी परिधान को दर्शाता है। 'Assortment' का अर्थ होता है विविधता का समूह, 'Variability' का अर्थ होता है परिवर्तनशीलता, और 'Multitude' का अर्थ होता है बहुतायत, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।
- 'Diversity' should be used because it refers to the variety, illustrating the various types of flight and colorful plumage of birds. Whereas, 'Assortment' means a collection of different things, 'Variability' means the quality of being subject to change, and 'Multitude' means a large number, which don't fit in this context.
22. B) 'Strategies' का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "strategies" का अर्थ होता है किसी विशेष लक्ष्य या उद्देश्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए तैयार योजनाएं या तरीके। जबकि 'Failures' का अर्थ होता है असफलताएं, 'Shortcomings' का अर्थ होता है कमियां, और 'Weakness' का अर्थ होता है दुर्बलता, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।

- **'Strategies'** should be used because it means carefully prepared plans or methods to achieve a particular goal or purpose. Whereas, 'Failures' means lack of success, 'Shortcomings' means deficiencies, and 'Weakness' means lack of strength, which don't fit in this context.

23. C) **'Exploitation'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "exploitation" का अर्थ होता है किसी चीज का अत्यधिक उपयोग करना जो इस संदर्भ में पक्षियों के जीवन के लिए खतरा हो सकता है। 'Safeguarding' का अर्थ होता है सुरक्षित रखना, 'Preservation' का अर्थ होता है संरक्षण करना, और 'Migration' का अर्थ होता है स्थानांतरण, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं हैं।

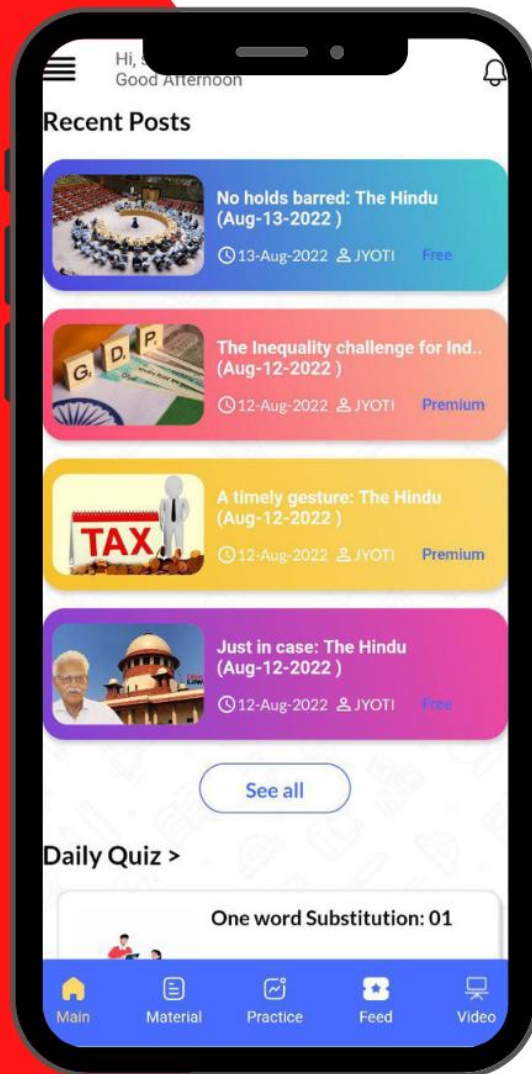
- **'Exploitation'** should be used because it means excessive use of something that may be harmful, fitting in this context of threats to birds' survival. Whereas, 'Safeguarding' means to protect, 'Preservation' means to conserve, and 'Migration' means movement from one place to another, which don't fit in this context.

24. B) **'Monitoring'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "monitoring" का अर्थ होता है किसी प्रक्रिया या स्थिति का ध्यानपूर्वक निरीक्षण करना। पक्षियों की संरक्षण का महत्वपूर्ण पहलू उनकी जनसंख्या का समय समय पर निरीक्षण करना है, ताकि समय रहते उभरती खतरों को पहचाना जा सके। जबकि 'Neglecting' का अर्थ है अवहेलना करना, 'Overlooking' का अर्थ है अनदेखा करना, और 'Forgetting' का अर्थ है भूल जाना, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।

- **'Monitoring'** should be used because it means to carefully observe a process or situation. An important aspect of bird conservation is observing their populations to track changes over time and identify emerging threats. Whereas, 'Neglecting' means to ignore, 'Overlooking' means to disregard, and 'Forgetting' means to lose memory of something, which don't fit in this context.

25. B) **'Recreational'** का प्रयोग होगा क्योंकि "recreational" का अर्थ होता है मनोरंजन या आराम के लिए, जो पक्षियों और उनके जीवनस्थल को देखने वाले पर्यटन के संदर्भ में हो सकता है। जबकि 'Arduous' का अर्थ है कठिनाई से पूरा करना, 'Work-related' का अर्थ है काम से संबंधित, और 'Strenuous' का अर्थ है शक्ति या प्रयास मांगनेवाला, जो इस संदर्भ में सही नहीं है।

- **'Recreational'** should be used because it means pertaining to entertainment or relaxation, which could be related to bird-watching tourism or enjoying the birds and their habitats. Whereas, 'Arduous' means requiring great exertion, 'Work-related' means connected to work, and 'Strenuous' implies requiring energy or effort, which don't fit in this context.



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